

# **Mahalo North PL 1128**

# **Environmental Management Plan (EMP)**



COI Environmental Management Plan			MH-HSE	ES-PLN-002.1	Rev: 4		
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### 1 INTRODUCTION

This Environmental Management Plan (EMP) has been prepared to minimise the potential for environmental harm from the Comet Ridge Pty Ltd (Comet Ridge) Mahalo North Coal Seam Gas Project (the Project), which is located on Petroleum Lease (PL) 1128 (the Site). This EMP has been prepared with consideration to Comet Ridge's obligations under its EPBC approval, environmental authority (EA) and other relevant legislative requirements.

# 1.1 Scope

The scope of the EMP is related to all Project construction, operation and rehabilitation activities undertaken by (or on behalf of) Comet Ridge on the Site.

# 1.2 Legislative Framework

An overview of the relevant legislative framework has been provided below.

### 1.2.1 Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (Cth)

The Commonwealth *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act* 1999 (EPBC Act) is the key piece of Commonwealth legislation governing environmental protection in Australia. Administered by the Commonwealth Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water (DCCEEW), the EPBC Act defines and protects Matters of National Environmental Significance (MNES). Under Part 3 of the EPBC Act, a person must not undertake an action that will have, or is likely to have, a significant impact on a protected matter, without approval from the Minister for DCCEEW.

An EPBC Act referral (2023/09689) for the Project was submitted to DCCEEW, with a determination received (19 March 2024) that the Project is a Controlled Action and that the Project will require assessment and approval under the EPBC Act before it can proceed, in the form of Preliminary Documentation. The relevant controlling provisions for the Project are stated as:

- Listed threatened species and communities (sections 18 & 18A)
- A water resource, in relation to unconventional gas development and large coal mining development (sections 24D & 24E)

The EPBC Act Approval for the Project (2023/09689) is expected to be issued by the DCCEEW in late 2025Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004 (Qld)

The object of the *Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004* (P&G Act) is to facilitate and regulate the carrying out of responsible petroleum activities and the development of a safe, efficient, and viable petroleum and fuel gas industry. PLs may be granted under Chapter 2 of the P&G Act. Under a PL, a proponent is authorised to construct and operate a petroleum activity, including a petroleum facility (i.e. Gas Compression Facility (GCF)).

Comet Ridge Mahalo North Pty Ltd lodged a resource authority application to the Department of Resources (DoR) under the P&G Act for a PL 1128. Grant of the PL is expected to be issued by the DoR in late 2025.

# 1.2.2 Environmental Protection Act 1994 (Qld)

The *Environmental Protection Act 1994* (EP Act) provides the key legislative framework for environmental management and protection in Queensland. The objective of the EP Act is to: "Protect Queensland's environment while allowing for development that improves the total quality of life, both now and in the future, in a way that maintains ecological processes on which life depends" (Section 3 of the EP Act).

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Under s493A of the EP Act, environmental harm, such as the development of the Project, is unlawful unless it is authorised under an EA. Comet Ridge lodged an EA application for the Project to the Department of Environment, Science and Innovation (DESI) on 20 October 2023. A decision on the EA was issued by the DESI on 5 August 2024.

### 1.2.2.1 General environmental duty

Under Section 319 of the EP Act, a person must not carry out any activity that causes or is likely to cause environmental harm unless the person takes all reasonable and practicable measures to prevent or minimise the harm. This is referred to as the general environmental duty.

The measures required to be taken must have regard to:

- the nature of the harm or potential harm; and
- the sensitivity of the receiving environment; and
- the current state of technical knowledge for the activity; and
- the likelihood of successful application of the different measures that might be taken; and
- the financial implications of the different measures as they would relate to the type of activity.

# 1.2.3 Environmental Offsets Act 2014 (Qld)

The Environmental Offsets Act 2014 (EO Act), Environmental Offsets Regulation 2014, and the Queensland Government Environmental Offsets Policy provide a streamlined framework for State environmental offset requirements for significant residual impacts to matters of state environmental significance (MSES).

The EA application identified that, based on the significant residual impact assessment for MSES associated with the potential project impacts, there are no predicted impacts to environmental values potentially requiring environmental offsets.

### 1.2.4 Nature Conservation Act 1992 (Qld)

The Nature Conservation Act 1992 (NC Act) and subordinate documents (Nature Conservation (Animals) Regulation 2020 (NC Animals Regulation) and Nature Conservation (Plants) Regulation 2020 (NC Plants Regulation) are in place to protect Queensland's native flora and fauna from potential environmental impacts of various activities through the requirement for protected plant clearing permits, species management programs and other permits.

No protected plant clearing permit will be triggered by the Project. Where the Project may involve tampering with animal breeding places, a species management plan will be obtained to authorise the potential tampering of the animal breeding place.

### 1.2.5 Vegetation Management Act 1999

The Vegetation Management Act 1999 (VM Act) regulates the clearing of vegetation in Queensland in a way that conserves remnant vegetation, ensures clearing does not cause land degradation, prevents loss of biodiversity, maintains ecological processes, reduces greenhouse gas emissions and allows for sustainable land use.

The clearing of native vegetation for the Project is exempt from the provisions of the VM Act under Schedule 21 (Part 1, section 1, item 6) of the Planning Regulation 2017, where clearing occurs for a resource activity, defined under section 107 of the EP Act, which includes petroleum activities.



### 1.2.6 Water Act 2000 (Qld)

The *Water Act 2000* (Water Act) provides a structured system for the planning, protection, allocation and use of Queensland's surface waters and groundwater. Under the Water Act, a person must not take, supply, or interfere with water unless authorised for the taking of water from overland flow, groundwater, a watercourse, a lake, or a spring.

In areas of concentrated development, a cumulative management area (CMA) can be declared. The Project is located within the Surat CMA, which was declared in 2011. The Office of Groundwater Impact Assessment (OGIA) was established under the Water Act and is responsible for preparing the Underground Water Impact Report (UWIR) and for establishing obligations to monitor and manage impacts on aquifers and springs. OGIA assigns responsibility to individual petroleum tenure holders for implementing specific parts of the strategies within CMAs. These predictions, strategies and responsibilities are set out in the Surat CMA UWIR, prepared and maintained by the OGIA. The most recent Surat CMA UWIR was published by OGIA in 2021.

The OGIA provided Comet Ridge Mahalo North with data from the Surat CMA UWIR regional scale groundwater flow model to inform the groundwater impact assessment, which supported the EA application.

### 1.2.7 Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011 (Qld)

The Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011 (WRR Act) contains a suite of measures to reduce waste generation, landfill disposal and encourage recycling. The waste management hierarchy described in the WRR Act, from most desirable to least, is as follows:

- AVOID unnecessary resource consumption
- REDUCE waste generation and disposal
- RE-USE waste resources without further manufacturing
- RECYCLE waste resources to make the same or different products
- RECOVER waste resources, including the recovery of energy
- TREAT waste before disposal, including reducing the hazardous nature of waste
- DISPOSE of waste only if there is no viable alternative

The waste management hierarchy has been addressed in the planning for the proposed activities for the Project.

### 1.2.8 Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003 (Qld)

The Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003 (ACH Act) binds all persons to provide recognition, protection and conservation of Aboriginal cultural heritage. The Cultural Heritage Duty of Care (section 23 of the ACH Act) states: 'a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practical measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage'.

Comet Ridge Mahalo North will work with the Gaangalu Nations People (GNP) prior to land disturbance and will undertake a cultural heritage survey, utilising advisors from the GNP





# 2 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The project includes the construction, operation, decommissioning, and rehabilitation of a CSG activity, including the following project components:

- Gas Compression Facility (including water treatment and water storage infrastructure)
- Gas wells
- Gas and water gathering pipelines
- New access tracks (extension of existing access tracks)

The project components layout is shown in **Figure 1** and described further in the table below.

Component	Description
GCF	<ul> <li>Two gas compression units, gas dehydration/separation units, safety and control systems, water tanks, safety flare, water treatment plant, water storage, permanent operational camp, workshop, office, washdown bay, parking</li> </ul>
Gas wells	<ul> <li>68 wells, with a combination of vertical and lateral wells</li> <li>Each well site is constructed in an area of up to approximately 1 ha (100 m x 100 m)</li> <li>The majority of this disturbance will be temporary, as each well site will be partially rehabilitated after construction is completed, leaving an area of approximately 20 m x 20 m (0.04 hectare) for well maintenance and access</li> <li>Production wells will be fenced and generally include gas and water metering and separation equipment, electrical and control systems, particulate filter separator and manifolds to connect the water and gas pipelines</li> </ul>
Gas and water gathering pipelines	<ul> <li>Construction disturbance area of up to 18 m wide, with the exception of areas of environmental significance, where it is reduced to 6 m wide</li> <li>Power lines and communication may be co-located within the gas and water gathering trench</li> <li>Includes excavation of a trench (up to 0.85 m wide)</li> <li>The majority of this disturbance will be temporary as the disturbed area will be restored to pasture as soon as practicable, and available to the landholder for grazing/cropping purposes</li> </ul>
New access tracks	<ul> <li>Existing access tracks will be utilised during all phases of the Project wherever possible</li> <li>New access tracks only installed where necessary to connect to proposed infrastructure, estimated 8 km of new access tracks, at 6 m wide</li> </ul>



<insert figure here>

Figure 1: Mahalo North Layout





# 2.1 Gas Compression Facility

The 10 terajoules (TJ)/day GCF would be constructed to centrally gather gas and water produced from the production wells and pressurise this gas for export to domestic markets. The GCF will be located within a fenced compound and include the following equipment during operations:

- Gas compression units (two in operation)
- Gas dehydration / separation units
- Associated instrumentation and control systems
- Water infrastructure
- Water tanks
- Safety systems
- Safety flare
- Site office
- Workshop
- Storage of fuel and chemicals
- Vehicle washdown bay
- Potable water
- Vehicle parking
- Accommodation camp (5-person capacity during operation phase)

# 2.1.1 Proposed Activities

#### 2.1.1.1 Construction

Construction activities for the GCF would include:

- Planning and surveying: survey of the proposed disturbance boundary, preclearance ecological and cultural heritage surveys
- Site preparation: establishment of access tracks, installation of erosion and sediment controls, clearing and grubbing the disturbance boundary, stripping, and stockpiling top soil and cleared vegetation, site levelling (if required)
- Building works: constructing and installing buildings, plant, and equipment
- Site restoration: spreading top soil and grass seed on disturbed areas not required for operation

# 2.1.1.2 Operations

Operations of the GCF would include:

- Separation: further separation of water, gas and solids, within the gas stream (initial separation occurs at the well site, at the gas / water separator)
- Gas compression: increase the gas pressure for the pipeline transfer
- Water Infrastructure
- Maintenance: maintenance of plant and equipment and facilities to ensure safe and reliable operation of the GCF
- Flaring: gas flaring undertaken only in an emergency situation

### 2.1.1.3 Sewage treatment

The treatment of sewage will utilise a truck mounted bio-cycle system with the waste treated to Class C and the treated sewerage effluent or greywater, and disposed of at a licenced waste facility (same condition as an Environmental Authority Model Condition PESCC28). The bio-cycle system will be located at the mobile temporary accommodation camp near the drilling sites.

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#### 2.1.1.4 Water Infrastructure

A water treatment facility will be constructed to treat produced water to facilitate the beneficial use of water at a nominal treatment rate of up to 0.5 ML/day. The water treatment facility will include the following infrastructure:

- A package water treatment plant
- Above ground lined ring tanks to store:
- Produced water from the wells
- Treated produced water
- Brine
- Aboveground pipes to connect water treatment plant and the ring tanks
- Pumping equipment to facilitate the transfer of treated produced water for beneficial re-use

Treated produced water from any treatment process will be stored in up to 100 ML of above-ground storages (e.g. lined ring tanks), constructed and operated in accordance with the manufacturers' specifications. Treated produced water generated from the Project will be beneficially used to support irrigation and industrial activities, and development and operational activities (include drilling of the wells and dust suppression).

Brine from any treatment process will be stored in up to 100 ML of above-ground storages (e.g. lined ring tanks), constructed and operated in accordance with the manufacturers' specifications, from where it may be further concentrated via solar and mechanical evaporation to a concentrated slurry or solid salt. The concentrated waste product will be disposed of at a licensed waste facility.

# 2.2 Gas Production Wells

A maximum of 68 coal seam gas wells will be installed, comprising a combination of vertical and lateral wells. The lateral wells will intersect the vertical wells within the section drilled within the coal seam. Gas and water will be collected from the vertical wells. There will be no hydraulic fracturing/stimulation or blasting activities as part of the proposed activities. A conceptual diagram illustrating the connection between a vertical and lateral well is provided in **Figure**.

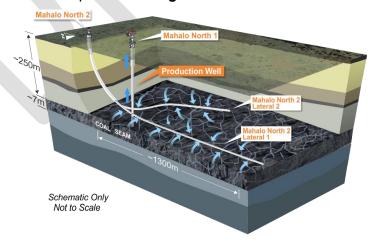


Figure 2. Conceptual Diagram of Vertical and Lateral Gas Wells

Each production well will be located within a fenced compound of approximately 20 metres (m) x 20 m and include the following equipment during operations:

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- Well head
- · Gas and water meter
- Gas and water separation equipment
- Electrical and control systems
- Particulate filter separator
- Manifolds to connect to water and gas gathering pipeline
- Fuel storage
- Mixed fuel generator (initially using diesel, then transferred to gas when the well is producing gas)
- Fence and gate

Each associated lateral gas well will be in a suspended well state, and will have cattle panels installed around the well head, of approximately 8 m x 8 m. No other plant or equipment will be installed at a suspended lateral well site.

# 2.2.1 Proposed Activities

#### 2.2.1.1 Construction

Construction activities for each gas well would include:

- Planning and surveying: survey of the proposed disturbance boundary, preclearance ecological and cultural heritage surveys
- Site preparation: establishment of access tracks, installation of erosion and sediment controls, clearing and grubbing the disturbance boundary, stripping and stockpiling top soil and cleared vegetation, site levelling (if required)
- Well establishment: installation of well pad, drilling of wells using rotary mud or air drilling, setting up drill rig and associated equipment, completion of wells using a completion rig, installation of a pump within the production well to reduce the hydrostatic pressure of the coal seam and facilitate gas production, installation of fencing and gate
- Site restoration: At completion of well construction, the disturbance footprint will be reduced to approximately 0.04 ha (20 m x 20 m). Top soil and grass seed will be spread over disturbed areas not required for operation

Wells would be constructed in accordance with the Code of Practice for the Construction and abandonment of petroleum wells and associated bores in Queensland V2 (DNRME 2019).

# 2.2.1.2 Operations

Operations of the gas wells would include:

- CSG extraction: engines (i.e. generators) will power wellhead pumps to extract water from the production well and facilitating gas to flow
- Maintenance: maintenance of plant and equipment and workover of wells to ensure safe and reliable operation of each well

Workovers of wells will be completed as required and not expected to be a frequent occurrence.

# 2.3 Gas and Water Gathering Pipelines

Gas and water from each of the well sites will be transported through a network of gathering pipelines to connect to the GCF. The gathering pipelines will be installed underground. The gathering pipelines will comprise the following components:

Polypipe underground low pressure gas pipelines

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- Water pipelines, power and communications may be co-located with the gas gathering network to connect to the GCF
- Main lines valves to allow maintenance activities to be undertaken in sections along the pipeline

# 2.3.1 Proposed Activities

### 2.3.1.1 Construction

Construction activities for the gathering pipelines would include:

- Planning and surveying: survey of the pipeline route, pre-clearance ecological and cultural heritage surveys
- Site preparation: installation of erosion and sediment controls, clearing and grubbing, stripping, and stockpiling top soil and cleared vegetation in windrows
- Excavation: excavating a trench along the proposed gas and water gathering route to the appropriate depth and width (up to 0.85 m wide)
- Welding and stringing: laying the pipeline adjacent to the trench and welding sections of pipe together to create a continuous length of pipeline
- Pipe laying: placing the welded pipeline into the trench
- Watercourse and waterway crossings
- · Backfilling: backfill trench with excavated material and compacting
- Testing: pressure testing the pipeline to ensure that it is safe and functioning properly
- Partial restoration: spreading top soil and grass seed across the disturbed area

### 2.3.1.2 Operation

Operations of the gathering network would include:

- Routine Inspections: Regular visual and in-line inspections to check for damage, corrosion, or leaks
- Leak Detection and Repair: Identifying and fixing gas leaks promptly
- Cathodic Protection: Monitoring and maintaining systems to prevent corrosion.
- Valve Maintenance: Inspecting, testing, lubricating, and repairing or replacing valves
- Pipeline Cleaning: Using pigs to remove debris and obstructions
- Right-of-Way Maintenance: Clearing vegetation and maintaining access roads
- Pressure Testing: Performing hydrostatic tests and continuous pressure monitoring

#### 2.4 New Access Tracks

The majority of access tracks required for the Project will utilise existing access tracks. In areas where no access tracks exist, new tracks will be established to allow access to project infrastructure. Based on the Project layout, the Project requires approximately 8 km of new access tracks to be established to access Project infrastructure.

# 2.4.1 Proposed Activities

#### 2.4.1.1 Construction

Construction activities for the new access tracks would include:

 Planning and surveying: survey of the proposed access track route, preclearance ecological and cultural heritage surveys

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- Site preparation: installation of erosion and sediment controls, clearing and grubbing the access track stripping and stockpiling top soil and cleared vegetation
- Access track establishment: levelling and grading the access tracks
- Site restoration: spreading top soil and grass seed on disturbed areas not required for operation

# 2.4.1.2 Operations

Operations of the new access tracks would include maintenance of the access tracks to ensure safe and reliable access to plant, equipment, and facilities





#### 3 **ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

The responsibilities delegated to Comet Ridge personnel to support the implementation of this EMP during the site activities is presented in the table below.

Table 1 Roles and Responsibilities						
Role	Responsibilities					
Project Manager	The Project Manager is responsible for providing support to the site team and ensuring that environmental matters are adequately addressed at the executive level. With regards to this EMP, the Project Manager is primarily responsible for:					
	<ul> <li>Ensuring EMP is made available, communicated, maintained, and understood by all parties</li> <li>Ensuring sufficient resources are available for all personnel to fulfil Comet Ridge environmental obligations</li> <li>Contacting the landholder (minimum 2 weeks prior) with a courtesy phone call prior to the commencement of any new works, and/or contacting the landholder as requested</li> <li>Reviewing environmental incidents and, where necessary, developing and implementing corrective actions</li> <li>Ensuring all incidents are adequately reported, investigated, and managed</li> <li>Ensuring that personnel (including contractors) engaged by Comet Ridge are adequately trained and qualified to fulfil their roles</li> <li>Drive a proactive culture through recognition of good practices and active participation in environmental forums</li> <li>Inspection of the site and validation implementation of the EMP and all legislative requirements</li> <li>On completion of the construction activities, rehabilitation of the site back to conditions as close as possible to before disturbance</li> </ul>					
Supervisor	<ul> <li>The primary responsibility of the Supervisor is to supervise construction works With regards to this EMP, the Supervisor is primarily responsible for:</li> <li>Understanding the EA and EPBC approval conditions</li> <li>Reporting to the Project Manager all matters related to environmental performance</li> <li>Understanding this EMP and ensuring the EMP is implemented by all personnel (including contractors)</li> <li>Supervise waste collection, removal, and appropriate disposal</li> </ul>					
Environmental Representative or Delegate	<ul> <li>The Environmental Advisor is responsible for:</li> <li>Providing direction and advise with regards to legal obligations to the Project Manager / Supervisor</li> <li>Inspection of the site and validation implementation of the EMP and all legislative requirements</li> <li>Investigate any environmental incident or non-compliance</li> <li>Liaising with regulatory authorities in relation to the EA and the EPBC approval</li> <li>Consolidating data and undertaking all statutory environmental reporting</li> <li>Validation of rehabilitation of the site back to conditions as close as possible to before disturbance</li> <li>Implement the principles of avoid, reduce, reuse, and recycle</li> </ul>					
All personnel (including contractors)	<ul> <li>Reporting any actual or potential environmental incidents to the Supervisor immediately</li> <li>Complying with the requirements of this EMP</li> <li>Identifying and reporting non-conforming or potentially hazardous work practices, products, services, equipment, and places</li> <li>Only performing tasks for which they are trained and competent</li> </ul>					

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Role	Responsibilities
	<ul> <li>Assisting with environmental incident investigations and applying corrective actions</li> <li>Ensuring that all tools, equipment, and facilities are in good working order and condition prior to use</li> <li>Take responsibility of the health and safety of all individuals on site</li> <li>Comply with environmental obligations, particularly avoidance of environmentally constrained areas</li> <li>Comply with the Project site rules and instructions of the Supervisor/Project Manager/Environmental Representative</li> <li>Comply with both site and task specific personal protective equipment (PPE) requirements</li> <li>Report incidents or accidents as soon as practicable to the Supervisor</li> <li>Participate in toolbox talks</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Participate in assessments and investigations as requested</li> <li>Undertake any training for site activities prior to attending site</li> </ul>







### 4 APPLICATION OF S.M.A.R.T PRINCIPLES

The development of all management plans and rehabilitation requirements within this EMP (Management Plans 1-17) and rehabilitation requirements (Section 16), were developed in accordance with the 'S.M.A.R.T' principle:

- S Specific (what and how)
- M Measurable (baseline information, number/value, auditable)
- A Achievable (timeframe, money, personnel)
- R Relevant (conservation advice, recovery plans, threat abatement plans)
- T Time-bound (specific timeframe to complete)

By utilising the 'S.M.A.R.T' principle parameters, Comet Ridge Mahalo North are ensuring all objectives are attainable within designated timeframes and are eliminating risks associated with potential guesswork. Using this method has also ensured control strategies are easier to measure and track, creating a more accountable and robust system of on-site management.

# 4.1 Effectiveness Assessment Method

For each management plan within this EMP (Management Plans 1-17) and rehabilitation requirements (Section 16), the potential effectiveness of the mitigation measures being adopted was assessed using a risk-based assessment with (inherent risk) and without (residual risk) mitigation measures being implemented. This method was based on examining the likelihood and consequences of an environmental risk event occurring. The qualitative values for assessing the likelihood of an environmental risk event are provided in Table 2. The qualitative values for assessing the consequence of an environmental risk event are provided in Table 2. Based on the likelihood and consequence values, an inherent and residual risk rating has been applied using the score sheets in Table 4.





### **Table 2 Likelihood levels**

Description	Example		
Highly unlikely Will only occur in exceptional circumstances			
Unlikely Not likely to occur within the Project lifecycle			
Possible May occur within the Project lifecycle (or once every ten years)			
Likely to occur within the Project lifecycle (or once every five years)			
Very likely	Almost certain to occur within the Project lifecycle (at least once every year)		

### **Table 3 Consequence levels**

Magnitude	Description				
Negligible	No environmental harm or environmental nuisance				
Low  Environmental nuisance or minor environmental harm. Unreasonable interference or, likely interference with an environmental value (Noise complaints, odour complaints, complaints about visual amenity etc) and \$5,000 actual or potential loss or damage to property.					
Moderate	Material Environmental Harm. Causes or threatens harm not trivial or negligible in nature, extent or context and/or >\$5,000 actual or potential loss or damage to property but < \$50,000				
High	Serious Environmental Harm. Causes or threatens harm that high impact or widespread and/or >\$50,000 actual or potential loss or damage to property				
Severe	Irreversible impact on an environmental value and/or MNES.				

Table 4 Risk rating assessment

Likelihood							
		Highly Unlikely	Unlikely	Possible	Likely	Highly Likely	
	Severe	Minor	Medium	Significant	Significant	Significant	
Consequence	High	Insignificant	Minor	Medium	Significant	Significant	
edn	Moderate	Insignificant	Minor	Medium	Medium	Medium	
Cons	Low	Insignificant	Minor	Minor	Minor	Minor	
	Negligible	Insignificant	Insignificant	Insignificant	Insignificant	Insignificant	



#### **ENVIRONMENTAL INDUCTION AND TRAINING** 5

A process for inducting new personnel, including contractors, onto the site will be implemented. The objective will be to ensure the entire workforce is aware of the environmental obligations of the Project.

All visitors will be required to sign into the site visitor register prior to gaining access to the site and will be inducted as appropriate.

Table 5 Manage	Table 5 Management Plan 1 Induction and training plan							
Environmental Protection Objective	Ensure all staff and contractors are aware of their environmental obligations and comply with all requirements							
Measurable Environmental Outcome	All staff, contractors and visi	tors have undergo	ne site indu	ction and	d relevant training.			
Environmental Risk Event	Minor environmental harm (e.g. unauthorised impact to flora and fauna, proliferation of weeds and pests, spill of fuel or chemicals etc.) caused a as result of a personnel or contractors not being aware of the compliance requirements on-site.							
Avoidance Measures	N/A - No avoidance measure	es apply to this ma	nagement <sub>l</sub>	olan				
Inherent Risk	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk R	ating			
Rating (before mitigation measures	Possible Low Minor							
applied)	and Managemen		Timeine		Daananaihilitu			
		droggoo koy sits		r 0				
A site induction program will be developed that addresses key site environmental requirements  The induction program will be flexible and regularly updated to reflect changes in environmental requirements.  The induction program will include (but will not be limited to):  Overview of environmental risks Overview of legislative requirements General environmentally sensitive areas Key environmentally sensitive areas Waste removal Incident notification, investigation, and reporting Mitigation measures for environmental elements (e.g. erosion and sediment control, flora and fauna, air, noise, vibration, cultural heritage, species of significance) Storage, handling, and disposal of hazardous materials Spill response requirements  Additional training will be targeted to staff with specific responsibilities.								
Residual Risk	Likelihood	Risk Rating						
Rating (after mitigation measures have been applied)	Unlikely Low Minor							
On-Going	Monthly comparison of site in			ite atten	dance records, to			
Monitoring								
Identified Issue Corrective Action								

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Corrective	Personnel or contractor	•	Personnel must immediately Stop Work
Actions if	entered site without	•	Personnel not allowed to restart work until inductions
Environmental	adequate training and		have been completed
Outcome is not	inductions.	•	Identify how a person was able to start work on-site
achieved			without adequate inductions
		•	Design and implement a process that mitigates how
			the person was able to start without adequate training
			and inductions
Relevant EA	None		
conditions			





#### **INCIDENTS AND COMPLAINTS** 6

### 6.1 Incidents

Comet Ridge Mahalo North has developed a management process for environmental incidents particularly those involving hazardous substances including fire, explosion, spillage, leakage or other escape into the environment. The management system is available as a separate document. The following table provides a summary of control measures for potential environmental incidents.

Table 6 Management Plan 2 Environmental Incident Management

Environmental Protection Objective	Minimise environmental harm from fire, explosion, spillage, leakage or other escape of harmful substances.				
Measurable Environmental Outcome  Environmental Risk Event	<ul> <li>The response to and reporting of environmental incidents is appropriate to the environmental risk of the incident.</li> <li>An emergency response capability and a suitable number of spill kits or a suitably stocked area in a proximate container are maintained.</li> <li>Insufficient response planning and preparation to an environmental incident results in an increased level of environmental harm.</li> </ul>				
Avoidance Measures	N/A - No avoidance measu			nt plan	
Inherent Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	ting
(before mitigation measures applied)	Possible	High			Medium
Mitigation/Management	Measures		Timing		Responsibility
Implement the Environme 003.3)	ental Contingency Plan (MH	-HSES-PLN-	At all tin	nes	All Personnel
	nt, a person should take immed with unauthorised discharto do so)		In the e an incid		All Personnel
The person identifying the incident should notify the Project manager immediately after becoming aware of the incident			Within 1 hours of the incident identification		All Personnel
Investigate the incident to determine the likely cause, record the outcome of the investigation (keep these records for the life of the Project)			Within 7 days of the incident identification		Environmental Representative
Implement appropriate preventative action that will address the cause of the incident (as identified during the investigation). A preventative action should be a single action or a series of actions that is designed to minimise the likelihood of an environmental incident reoccurring.			Within 2 of the ir investig	ncident	Environmental Representative
Excavate or remove contaminated ground (spills up to five litres or less) in a sensitive area, or remedy through an approved process.			Within 7 days of the incident identification		Environmental Representative
Notify relevant landowners in the event of an unauthorised release likely to impact on landowner activities and/or safety.			Within 2 of the in identific		Project Manager
Conduct soil, surface war monitoring of the clean-u	ter and/or groundwater samp p area if/as required.	oling and	Until the have be remedia		Environmental Representative

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Notify the appropriate authorities in accordance within 24 hours if there is actual or potential for environmental harm as a result of the incident.					Project Manager
Residual Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	ting
(after mitigation measures have been applied)	Unlikely	High			Minor
On-Going Monitoring	<ul> <li>Spill kits will be inspected on a weekly basis</li> <li>Post-incident review to determine the suitability of the incident response</li> </ul>				nt response
Corrective Actions if	Identified Issue	Corrective Action	on		
Environmental	Incident response was not			•	incident
Outcome is not	appropriate to minimise	response w			
achieved	<ul> <li>Review the available response equipment and source additional equipment that would be suitable to respond to a similar incident</li> <li>Review, update and implement this EMP to ensure all management/mitigation measures are suitable to minimise the likelihood and consequence of an environmental incident</li> </ul>				
Relevant EA conditions	Refer to Schedule G (cond	itions G11 to G16)	of the EA	condition	s (Appendix 1)

# 6.2 Complaints

Enquiries/complaints will be dealt with in a responsive manner so that stakeholders feel their concerns are being seriously dealt with and not dismissed. This will assist in building a relationship of trust and reliability between the community and Project team. Complaints will be handled in accordance with the relevant condition/s of the EA and the Complaints Register and Management Plan**Error! Reference source not found.** 

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Table 7 Management Plan 3 Complaints register and management

Table 7 Managemer	Table 7 Management Plan 3 Complaints register and management						
Environmental	Deal with enquiries and co	Deal with enquiries and complaints in a timely manner					
Protection Objective							
Measurable	All complaints and respons	ses recorded in the	complain	ts register	. The response		
Environmental	to and reporting of complai	ints is appropriate a	and resolv	es the co	ncern of the		
Outcome	compliant.						
Environmental Risk	Insufficient response to an	environmental com	pliant, re	sulting in f	further		
Event	complaints being received		-	-			
Avoidance Measures	The layout of the activity ha				recentors and		
Avoidance incusares	potential for air and noise i		Joanon oi	3011311170	receptors and		
Inherent Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	tina		
(before mitigation	Likeliilood	Consequence		INISK IND	ung		
measures applied)	Possible	Low			Minor		
	Mossures		Timing		Pesponsibility		
Mitigation/Management			Timing		Responsibility		
complaints, to enable the	will be maintained for enqui content and distribution of i iately managed and monitor	nformation to the	At all tin	nes	Project Manager		
Each complaint will be as investigated as soon as p	ssessed for its validity and poracticable.	otential risk and	Within 7 complai receipt	days of nt	Environmental Representative		
Corrective action will be implemented where appropriate to address the cause of the complaint and to minimise reoccurrence of similar complaints.				28 days tigating plaint	Environmental Representative		
The following details will complaints received:  Name, address and Time and date of core Reasons for the come Investigations under Conclusions formed Actions taken to rescend Any abatement measure the complaint	Upon re a compl	eceipt of laint	Project Manager				
Records will be kept for a minimum of five years.				years g a nt	Project Manager		
The administering authority will be notified of valid complaints and any actions proposed or undertaken in relation to the complaint.			Within 7 days of complaint receipt		Environmental Representative		
Any monitoring or actions be undertaken.	s requested by the administe	ring authority will	Followir respons receipt t adminis authorit	se from the tering	Environmental Representative		
Residual Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	ting		
(after mitigation	Unlikely	Possible			Minor		
	Offlinety	i ossible			WINO		

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measures have been applied)						
On-Going Monitoring		Annual review of complaints and response actions to ensure timing and investigations occurred in accordance with this management plan.				
Corrective Actions if Environmental Outcome is not achieved	Identified Issue Complaint has not been resolved in accordance with this management plan	Investigate the reason for non-conformance     Retrospectively update the complaint register (if information was missing)     Train the Project Team on required complaint response requirements				
Relevant EA conditions	Refer to Schedule G (condit	tions G20 to G23) of the EA conditions ( <b>Appendix 1</b> )				







# 7 MONITORING AND REPORTING

Environmental monitoring and reporting are key measures to demonstrate compliance with the EA and EPBC approval. The EA and EPBC approval stipulate certain standards and methodologies to be used. This management plan ensures the sampling, monitoring, analysis and reporting measures are undertaken in compliance with the legislative requirements.

Table 8 Management Plan 4 Monitoring and reporting

Table 8 Managemer	nt Plan 4 Monitoring and re	porting					
Environmental	Compliance with the requirements of the EA						
Protection Objective							
Measurable	Meet all reporting and record keeping requirements. Adopted monitoring						
Environmental	standards will be conforma	standards will be conformant with industry best practice.					
Outcome							
Environmental Risk	Monitoring data is not	suitable to identify	the poten	tial for en	vironmental		
Event	harm			1			
Avoidance Measures	Monitoring is not com						
Inherent Risk Rating	N/A - No avoidance measu Likelihood	Consequence	anageme	Risk Ra	ting		
(before mitigation		Consequence		INISK INA	ung		
measures applied)	Likely	Moderate			Medium		
Mitigation/Management	Measures		Timing		Responsibility		
All monitoring required w	rill be compliant with the star	dards set in the	At all tim	nes	Environmental		
EA					Representative		
If no appoint a standard -	ure out then are relate Ave	tralian Oter dend	۸۴ ۵۱۱ ۴۰۰۰۰		Environ		
T	re set, then appropriate Aus ractice guidelines will be follo		At all tim	ies	Environmental Representative		
Occes of industry pest p	ractice guidelines will be folk	Swea			Representative		
All environmental sampli	ng and in-field monitoring wi	ll be undertaken	At all tim	nes	Environmental		
	ropriately qualified to underta	ake the sampling			Representative		
and monitoring							
Monitoring systems and	processes shall be put in pla	ice by a	At all tim	nes	Environmental		
	erson to ensure compliance	•			Representative		
			A. 11.11				
	nt utilised to undertake the m	_	At all tim	nes	Environmental		
calibrated in accordance	with manufacturers specification	auons			Representative		
All samples will be collect	ted and transported in accor	dance with the	At all tim	nes	Environmental		
	ation requirements (as preso	-			Representative		
	ed to the laboratory for analy	sis under a chain					
of custody (COC)							
All laboratory analyses a	nd tests will be undertaken b	y a laboratory	At all tim	nes	Environmental		
that has appropriate NAT					Representative		
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			A4 . !! !!		Facilities ( )		
	accredited laboratory, duplice eparate laboratories for indep	•	At all tim	nes	Environmental		
DE SEIR IO AL IERSI IWO SE	harare ianorarones ioi ilidet	rendent testing			Representative		
Sampling and monitoring results will be kept in readily accessible files,				nes	Environmental		
labelled appropriately, and collated if necessary					Representative		
The following monitoring records will be maintained for a period of 5 At all times Enviror					Environmental		
_	e administering authority on	-	, a an an	.50	Representative		
Calibration records	j ,	•					
Field sheets and rec	ords						
• COC							
<ul> <li>Laboratory certificate</li> </ul>	e of analysis						

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Summary results.					
A certification is required by an appropriately qualified person for each plan, procedure, program and report required to be developed under the EA			At all times		Environmental Representative
considered in the wr The content of the w	al and published guidelines itten document rritten document is accurate is the requirements of the rel	and true			
Residual Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	ting
(after mitigation measures have been applied)	Possible	Low			Minor
On-Going Monitoring	N/A - No additional monito	ring apply to this m	anageme	nt plan	
Corrective Actions if	Identified Issue	Corrective Action	1		
Environmental Outcome is not achieved	Non-conformance with the requirements of this management or environmental authority	verify no environmental harm in the receiving			the receiving
Relevant EA conditions	Refer to Schedule G (cond				



#### 8 AIR

### 8.1 Site Context

The Project is located in a rural area; however, the area is more broadly located between a number of operating coal mines, including Blackwater Mine, Cook Colliery, Curragh Mine, and Jellinbah Mine to the north; Minerva Mine to the west; and Rolleston Coal Mine to the south. These mines are anticipated to affect the air quality due to coal dust particles, depending on the prevailing wind. Other than coal particulates the majority of the existing sources of emissions would be derived from:

- Products of combustion from fuel burning vehicles and equipment;
- Smoke from low-temperature scrub and agricultural burning;
- Wind erosion;
- Mining and extractive industry;
- · Vehicle movements across dirt roads; and
- Livestock movements.

# 8.2 Sensitive Receptors

Sensitive receptors have been identified on the Meroo Downs property (the occupiers homestead) and on Struan Station (the ringers quarters and the owners homestead).

# 8.3 Management Plan

The Air Quality Management Plan is provided in the table below. This plan provides the environmental protection commitments and control strategies that will be implemented to minimise impacts on air quality and other air environmental values relevant to the Project area.

Table 9 Management Plan 5 Air Quality Management Plan

Table 3 Wallageillei	it Plan 5 Air Quality Manag	ement Pian			
Environmental Protection Objective	<ul> <li>To avoid impacts on human health and amenity arising from particulate emissions</li> <li>To minimise dust emissions beyond 100 m of construction activities</li> <li>To minimise gas emissions from flaring, venting or fugitive emissions causing a nuisance</li> </ul>				
Measurable Environmental Outcome	<ul> <li>Consultation undertaken with any potentially affected landowners/occupiers (sensitive receptors)</li> <li>Limited or no air quality complaints from sensitive receptors</li> </ul>				
Environmental Risk Event	Air emissions from the Project cause an environmental nuisance at a nuisance- sensitive place				
Avoidance Measures	<ul> <li>Project layout (particularly the GCF) has been positioned to avoid air quality impacts on the sensitive receptors.</li> <li>The closest sensitive receptor to the GCF is located &gt;2.3 km east.</li> </ul>				
Inherent Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	
(before mitigation measures applied)	Unlikely			Minor	
Mitigation/Management	Measures		Timing		Responsibility
Where possible, soil stockpiles will be placed in areas protected from the wind and away from public places			During earthwo	rks	Supervisor
Soil stockpiles will be aligned with prevailing winds to minimise cross sectional area exposed to the prevailing wind direction			During earthwo	rks	Supervisor
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ntly compacted after placeme led to remain in place for lon		During earthwo	rks	Supervisor



Soil stockpiles heights will be less than 3 m				orks	Supervisor
Existing vegetation will be retained where possible within cleared areas				orks	Supervisor
Construction traffic will be controlled by using specific routes for haulage and access. Vehicle speeds on unsealed roads will be limited to 50 km/hr, or less if significant dust plumes occur				nes	All personnel
All trucks hauling dirt, sand, soil or other loose materials to and from project sites will be covered				nes	Supervisor
All construction vehicles, mobile plant and machinery will be maintained and operated in accordance with the manufacturers' specification to minimise exhaust emissions				nes	Project Manager
Water spraying will be ur roads	At all tir	nes	Supervisor		
Any complaints in relation to dust emissions will be recorded, and if any variation to the control strategies is indicated, this will be implemented.				nes	Supervisor
During drilling and well operations, flaring and venting will be minimised in accordance with section 72 of the P&G Act				nes	Project Manager
-	ead leaks in accordance wit ractice for coal seam gas we		At all tir	nes	Project Manager
Residual Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	ting
(after mitigation measures have been applied)	Highly Unlikely	Low Insignificant			significant
On-Going Monitoring	<ul><li>Number of complaints</li><li>Visual observations o</li><li>Wind direction</li></ul>				
Corrective Actions if	Identified Issue	Corrective Action	1		
Environmental	An air quality complaint	Review the w	•	•	
Outcome is not	is received	<ul> <li>necessary to minimise dust emissions</li> <li>Reduce the speed limits on access tracks within 500m of the complainant to 30 km per hour</li> <li>Apply cover material (e.g. vegetation, soil binder</li> </ul>			
achieved					
		etc.) on any	stockpile	that is pro	posed to remain
Relevant EA conditions	Refer to Schedule A of the	in place for lo			

# 9 NOISE AND VIBRATION

# 9.1 Site Context

The predominant land use within the Project area is primarily rural in nature, and accordingly, background noise levels are low. Major noise sources include existing mining activities, cattle truck movements and helicopter mustering activities.

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# 9.2 Sensitive Receptors

Sensitive receptors have been identified on the Meroo Downs property (the occupiers homestead) and on Struan Station (the ringers quarters and the owners homestead).

# 9.3 Management Plan

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The Noise and Vibration Management Plan is provided in the table below. This plan provides the environmental protection commitments and control strategies that will be implemented to minimise impacts of noise and vibration within the Project area.

Table 10 Management Plan 6 Noise and Vibration Management Plan

Table 10 Manageme	ent Plan 6 Noise and Vibrat	ion Management	Plan		
Environmental Protection Objective	<ul> <li>Noise from activities associated with construction and operation will not cause an environmental nuisance at a sensitive receptor</li> <li>Minimise noise and vibration impacts to fauna where possible.</li> </ul>				
Measurable Environmental Outcome	<ul> <li>Consultation undertaken with any potentially affected landowners/occupiers (sensitive receptors), especially if atypical noise events are anticipated</li> <li>Limited or no noise related complaints from sensitive receptors</li> <li>Noise condition limits in the EA are not exceeded in the event of a complaint</li> </ul>				
Environmental Risk Event	Noise and vibration emission at a nuisance-sensitive pla	ons from the Projec			
Avoidance Measures	Project layout (particu on the sensitive recep     The closest sensitive in	tors.			
Inherent Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	
(before mitigation measures applied)	Possible	Low			Minor
Mitigation/Management	Measures		Timing		Responsibility
Consider potential for no	ise nuisance when planning	activities	Prior to comme		Environmental Representative
Avoid night time constructions within 1 km of a sensitive receptor between works between the hours 6PM and 6AM.				ction	Project Manager
commencement of works	struction works in advance on the struction works in advance on like the struct details in the event of one of the struct details in the event of one of the struct details in the event of one of the structure.	ly timing and	During construc	ction	Project Manager
Notify impacted landhold works	ers of any proposed nighttim	e construction	During construction		Project Manager
	out how to minimise potentia rangements" if necessary.	al impacts and	During construction		Project Manager
	easures to permanent noise ent that valid noise complain		At all tin	nes	Project Manager
Residual Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	ating
(after mitigation measures have been applied)	Possible	Very Low			
On-Going Monitoring	Number of complaints	received			
Corrective Actions if	Identified Issue	Corrective Acti	on		
Environmental	A noise or vibration complaint is received	Review, up- manageme		implemer	nt this
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Outcome is not achieved		
Relevant EA conditions	Refer to Schedule N of the I	EA conditions ( <b>Appendix 1</b> )





# 10 LAND

### 10.1 Site Context

The primary land use within the Project area is agricultural land, primarily used for grazing and cropping. The majority of the Project area is freehold tenure, with the exception of road parcels, a railway corridor and easement parcel. There is a stock route located within the road corridor of Comet-Rolleston Road that is mapped within the eastern section of the Project area.

A number of terrestrial and aquatic ecological values have been identified across the site. Refer to the Epic Environmental consultant reports, Ecological Assessment Report (2023) and DPM Aquatic values assessment (2023) for details on the ecological values in the Project area. These reports are available on the Comet Ridge website and company servers.

# 10.2 Management Plan

The control strategies in the following management plans listed below will combine to protect land values identified in the above-mentioned reports:

- Vegetation Clearing Management Plan
- Fauna and Pest Management Plan
- Weed Management Plan
- Soil and Erosion Management Plan
- Land Use Management Plan

# 10.2.1 Vegetation Clearing

The Vegetation Clearing Management Plan is provided in the table below. This plan provides the environmental protection commitments and control strategies that will be implemented to minimise impacts on terrestrial flora values, fauna habitat values and sensitive environmental areas and communities.

Table 11 Management Plan 7 Vegetation Clearing Management Plan

Environmental Protection Objective	Minimise vegetation clearing to the extent practicable for the safe operation of petroleum activities				
Measurable Environmental Outcome	<ul> <li>No unauthorised clearing of native vegetation.</li> <li>No unauthorised disturbance to flora species or habitats of flora species listed as endangered, vulnerable or rare under State or Commonwealth legislation</li> </ul>				
Environmental Risk Event	Unauthorised disturbance to flora species or habitats of flora species listed as endangered, vulnerable or rare under State or Commonwealth legislation				
Avoidance Measures	<ul> <li>Project layout optimised based on the ground-truthed ecological assessments to avoid any areas of ecological significance (e.g. TEC, GDEs, threatened species habitat, etc.)</li> <li>No vegetation clearing adjacent to water courses</li> <li>Project layout has considered and utilised existing access tracks</li> <li>Project footprint minimised through the use of lateral and vertical production wells</li> </ul>				
Inherent Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	ting
(before mitigation measures applied)	Likely	High Significant			Significant
Mitigation/Management Measures					Responsibility
Clearing limits to be survey marked prior to any clearing commencing			Prior to vegetati	ion	Project Manager



Assess sites for vegetation prior to undertaking clearing activit suitably qualified and experienced person			Prior to vegetation clearing		Environmental Representative	
Cleared paddocks and access tracks will be preferentially utilised for locating assets and tracks to minimise the extent of clearing			Prior to vegetation clearing		Project Manager	
Where site assessment results in identification of sensitive ecological values such as threatened flora and fauna species, or threatened ecological communities, in order of preference:			Prior to vegetation clearing		Project Manager	
<ul> <li>adjust location to avoid ecological values</li> <li>adjust the activity to prevent impact (e.g. change design or layout)</li> <li>if there is no viable alternative, seek additional authorisation where that is appropriate, which may include offset conditions</li> </ul>						
Any clearing beyond the approved clearing areas boundaries will be reported as an incident			During vegetation clearing		Environmental Representative	
Pipeline crossings of defined watercourses will be via horizontal directional drilling to minimise the disturbance to riparian vegetation and aquatic habitat			Prior to vegetation clearing		Project Manager	
The following records must be maintained for clearing:  Pre-clearance ecological inspection Survey data of clearing extents			For a minimum of 5 years following clearing		Environmental Representative	
Regular weed inspections will be carried out in areas subject to clearing			During construction		Environmental Representative	
All plant and equipment moving mobilising to and demobilising from the site will be inspected for weed and seeds. If required plant and equipment will be cleared prior to mobilisation or demobilisation			During construction		Environmental Representative	
Any cleared vegetation will be stockpiled in windrows adjacent to the area of clearing			During construction		Environmental Representative	
Residual Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rat		ting	
(after mitigation measures have been applied)	Unlikely	High		Minor		
On-Going Monitoring	Clearing extents will be visually inspected and verified by the Environmental Representative.					
Corrective Actions if	Identified Issue Corrective Action					
Environmental	Clearing extents are	Train personnel on this management plan via a				
Outcome is not achieved	exceeded in an area identified as containing		toolbox.  Notify the relevant authority and engage an			
uomeveu	significant ecological	ecologists to undertake an impact assessment				
	values (i.e. MNES,	and provide fo	urther rec	ommenda	ations	
	MSES or habitat for a					
	threatened species)					
Relevant EA	threatened species)  Refer to Schedule B of the	EA conditions ( <b>Ap</b>	pendix 1	)		

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#### 10.2.1 Fauna and Pest

This Fauna and Pest Management Plan provides the environmental protection commitments and control strategies that will be implemented to minimise direct and indirect impacts on terrestrial fauna values including the following threatened MNES fauna species considered as likely or possibly occurring on the site:

- Koala (Phascolarctos cinereus)
- Australian Painted Snipe (Rostratula australis)
- Squatter Pigeon (Geophaps scripta scripta)
- Painted Honeyeater (*Grantiella picta*)
- Ornamental Snake (Denisonia maculata)
- Grey Snake (Hemiaspis damelii)

In terms of management of listed species that may occur on-site the plan provides specific and measurable outcomes, including reporting requirements and actions to be taken in the (unlikely) event of injury or mortality to one of the identified species. In compiling these measures, review of the following sources was used:

- Species Profile and Threats Database (SPRAT)
- Approved conservation advice for the relevant species including:
  - Conservation Advice for Phascolarctos cinereus (Koala) combined populations of Queensland, New South Wales and the Australian Capital Territory (DAWE 2022a)
  - Approved conservation advice for Rostratula australia (Australian Painted Snipe) (DSEWPC 2013)
  - Conservation advice Geophaps scripta scripta Squatter pigeon (southern) (TSSC 2015)
  - o Conservation advice Grantiella picta Painted Honeyeater (DE 2015)
  - Approved conservation advice for Denisonia maculata (Ornamental Snake) (DE 2014)
  - Conservation advice for Hemiaspis damelii (Grey Snake) (DCCEEW 2022)
- National recovery plans for the relevant species including:
  - National Recovery Plan for the Koala Phascolarctos cinereus (combined populations of Queensland, New South Wales and the Australian Capital Territory) (DAWE 2022b)
  - National recovery plan for the Australian Painted Snipe (Rostratula australis) (DCCEEW 2022)
  - National recovery plan for the Painted Honeyeater (Grantiella picta) (DAWE 2021)
- Adopted threat abatement plans relevant for the species including:
  - Threat abatement plan for predation by feral cats 2024 (DCCEEW 2024)
  - Threat abatement plan for competition and land degradation by rabbits (DEE 2016)
  - Threat abatement plan for predation by the European red fox (DEWHA 2008)

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As identified in the EPBC Act referral, the Project's extent of impact to potential habitat for the identified species is very minor (<1.2 ha for any species), given the extent of identical habitat present elsewhere within the Project area (1,470 ha of wooded habitat and 1,513 ha of wetland/gilgai habitat). Although not identified above, several wetland bird species listed as Migratory under the EPBC Act may also possioccur within the Project area. While not specifically addressed it is considered that management measures considered applicable to Australian Painted Snipe are also suitable to mange any possible impact on Migratory wetland bird species.

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It is considered highly unlikely a significant impact to an MNES species will occur as a result of the Project. Nevertheless, the proposed measures are anticipated to be effective in avoiding, mitigating, and/or managing potential impacts.

Table 12 Management Pla	n 8 Fauna and Pest Manag	ement Plan						
Environmental Protection Objective	Minimise impacts on listed fauna species as a result of exploration, development and decommissioning activities							
Measurable	<u> </u>							
Environmental	<ul> <li>No unauthorised disturbance to fauna species or habitats of fauna species listed as endangered, vulnerable, rare or near threatened under State or</li> </ul>							
Outcome	Commonwealth legisla		near une	aleneu ui	idei State Oi			
Outcome			est anima	ale				
Environmental Risk		<ul> <li>No introduction or spread of introduced pest animals.</li> <li>Project activities result in the loss of habitat for a significant fauna species</li> </ul>						
Event	-			•	•			
Avoidance Measures	<ul> <li>Project activities result in the death or injury to a significant fauna species</li> <li>Project layout optimised based on the ground-truthed ecological</li> </ul>							
Avoidance measures	assessments to avoid			_				
	threatened species ha		gicai sign	illoarioc (c	z.g. 120, ODE3,			
	No vegetation clearing		COURSES					
	Project layout has cor	-		access tr	arks			
	Project footprint minim		_					
	wells	mised initiagn ine a	or later	ai ana vo	rtioar production			
Inherent Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	ting			
(before mitigation	Likely	Lligh						
measures applied)	Likely	High			Significant			
Mitigation/Management	t Measures		Timing		Responsibility			
Cleared paddocks and a	Cleared paddocks and access tracks will be preferentially utilised for		Prior to		Project			
locating assets and track	s to minimise impact to faun	a habitat	vegetation		Manager			
				1				
Access sites for found be					Environmental			
Assess sites for fauna habitat prior to undertaking clearing activities, by a suitably qualified and experienced person		Prior to vegetation		Representative				
by a suitably qualified all	d experienced person		clearing		Representative			
			orouring					
Where site assessment r	Where site assessment results in identification of sensitive ecological				Project			
values such as threatene	ed fauna species, or threaten	ned ecological	vegetation		Manager			
communities, in order of	of preference: clearing							
Adjust location to av	void ecological values							
	prevent impact (e.g. change	e design or						
layout)	provent impact (e.g. change	o doolgii oi						
- '	alternative, seek additional a	uthorisation						
	oriate, which may include offs							
	ntial habitat (including vegeta		Prior to	and	Environmental			
	of vegetation), the following will be implemented:  1. The potential habitat will be inspected by a suitably vegetation			ana	Representative			
1. The potential				ion				
qualified and	experienced person (i.e. lice	ensed fauna	clearing					
spotter) to ide	entify any fauna residing in th	ne area						
_	vities will only commence wit							
	from the licensed fauna spo							
-	esent, the licensed fauna spo	•						
	ns to the Project Manager on appropriate action							
_	ourage the fauna to move of							
	that fauna does not move, or							
1	will be authorised to collect							
	with the Queensland code of	-						
welfare of wil	d animals affected by land-c	learing and other						

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habitat impacts and wildlife spotter/catchers (2009). The licensed fauna spotter must relocate the animal to the nearest available habitat (ideally adjacent to the area of clearing and outside the development footprint)		
Establish partnerships with local wildlife carer	Prior to vegetation clearing	Project Manager
Any identified injured fauna must either be euthanised or transported to a local wildlife carer (if safe to do so) by a suitably qualified and experienced person (i.e. licensed fauna spotter). Liaise with local wildlife carers or veterinarians for appropriate treatment of injured animals	During construction	Environmental Representative
Any listed fauna injuries or mortalities caused as a result of vegetation clearing will be communicated to the administering authority within 24 hours of discovery	During construction	Environmental Representative
Any occurrence of listed species, including Koala ( <i>Phascolarctos cinereus</i> ) recorded during vegetation clearing will be immediately reported to the Environmental Representative	During construction	All Personnel
The following records must be maintained for clearing:  Pre-clearance ecological inspection Fauna spotter records of any fauna interactions	For minimum of 5 years following clearing	Environmental Representative
Install appropriate fencing or cover of areas where fauna may be entrapped such as well infrastructure, dams or trenches	During construction	Environmental Representative
Inspect any trenches or excavations for trapped fauna on a daily basis	During construction	Environmental Representative
Fauna ramps must be installed in trenches a minimum of every 10 m apart, where trenches are required to remain open over night	During construction	Environmental Representative
Take prompt action to control any introduced species of pest animals, actions may include:  No domestic animals belonging to project personnel or subcontractors will be permitted on site  Covering and securing scrap kitchen  Direct pest control baiting and trapping (only if the specific species can be targeted)  Weekly inspections of onsite project buildings/infrastructure (e.g. offices and workers accommodation) for sheltering feral predators (focused on cats)	At all times	Environmental Representative
A fauna register to record all fauna encountered during clearing works (as per fauna spotter-catchers) including fauna incidents (injuries and mortality) will be maintained during construction	At all times	Environmental Representative
Onsite speed limits (<50 km/h) will be established throughout Project area to limit the potential for road collisions. This speed limit is considered suitable as the Project area is flat with good visibility; the Proponent is utilising existing farm tracks; driving will only be in 4WD mode.	At all times	All Personnel
Likelihood Consequence	Risk Ra	ting

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Residual Risk Rating (after mitigation measures have been applied)	Unlikely		High	Minor	
On-Going Monitoring	Number of fauna interactions				
Corrective Actions if Environmental Outcome is not achieved	Death or injury to a significant fauna species Unauthorised	Corrective Action  Review, update and implement this management plan based on the cause of the death or injury.			
	disturbance to fauna habitat	<ul> <li>Train personnel on this management plan via a toolbox.</li> <li>Notify the relevant authority and engage an ecologists to undertake an impact assessment and provide further recommendations</li> </ul>			
Relevant EA conditions	Refer to Schedule B,	cond	itions B1 and B2 of the EA co	onditions (Appendix 1)	

#### 10.2.2 Weeds

The Weed Management Plan is provided in the table below. This plan provides the environmental protection commitments and control strategies that will be implemented to minimise impacts from weeds on terrestrial flora values and land use.

Table 13 Management Plan 9 Weed Management Plan

Table 13 Manageme	ent Plan 9 Weed Manageme	ent Pian				
Environmental Protection Objective	Prevent or minimise the introduction or spread of pests through movement of people, vehicles, machinery or soil and vegetation disturbance					
Measurable Environmental Outcome	<ul><li>petroleum activities</li><li>No increase on the Pr</li></ul>	The initial disciplination of their visual eposition eposition of their visual eposition eposition of their visual eposition epositi				
Environmental Risk Event	Proliferation of weed speci	ies as a result of Pro	oject activ	/ities.		
Avoidance Measures	No avoidance measures a	pply to this manage	ment pla	n.		
Inherent Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	ting	
(before mitigation measures applied)	Possible	Moderate	Medium			
Mitigation/Management	t Measures		Timing		Responsibility	
Identify and record areas	currently subject to weed in	nfestations	Prior to vegetati clearing		Environmental Representative	
Regular weed inspection clearing	s will be carried out in areas	of vegetation	During Constru	ıction	Environmental Representative	
Control and manage pest infestations and outbreaks resulting from petroleum activities in consultation with the relevant landowner/s  At all times				nes	Environmental Representative	
Weed washdown procedures will be implemented where necessary when moving between properties  At all times  Project  Manager					•	
Periodic monitoring of pe	etroleum sites and access tra	acks for weeds	At all tin	nes	Environmental Representative	

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Weed awareness including in induction and tool box talks for all personnel				At all tin	nes	Environmental Representative
A vehicle and plant movement protocol will be established for movement between properties				At all tir	nes	Project manager
If a new weed infestation is reported or found, appropriate action to contain and eradicate will be implemented (in consultation with an ecologist). This will include (at a minimum) review of the Qld Department of Agriculture and Fisheries weed factsheets which provide advice on control methods including recommended herbicides and application rates.  Available at: <a href="https://www.dpi.qld.gov.au/business-priorities/biosecurity/invasive-plants-animals/fact-sheets">https://www.dpi.qld.gov.au/business-priorities/biosecurity/invasive-plants-animals/fact-sheets</a>				At all tir	nes	Project manager
Residual Risk Rating	Likelihood		Consequence		Risk Ra	ting
(after mitigation measures have been applied)	Possible		Low			Minor
On-Going Monitoring	Weed inspections iden	tifyii	ng weed outbreak			
Corrective Actions if	Identified Issue	Co	rrective Action			
Environmental Outcome is not achieved	Weed outbreak identified adjacent to the Project activities	Train personnel on this management plan via a toolbox.				
Relevant EA conditions	No specific conditions	appl	licable to weed mar	nagemen	in the EA	conditions.

## 10.2.3 Soil and Erosion

The Soil and Erosion Management Plan is provided in the table below. This plan provides the environmental protection commitments and control strategies that will be implemented to minimise impacts on land and soil quality values.

Table 14 Management Plan 10 Soil and Erosion Management Plan

Environmental Protection Objective	Minimise soil erosion and sedimentation that may result from exploration, development, or decommissioning activities.					
Measurable Environmental	No failure of erosion and sediment control measures that result in the release of sediment					
Outcome	greater turbidity than b	<ul> <li>No release of stormwater runoff from active construction sites that has a greater turbidity than background water quality</li> <li>No degradation of top soil quality as a result of project activities</li> </ul>				
Environmental Risk	Project activities result in a	release of sediment-laden v	vaters to surface waters,			
Event	resulting in an increase in	downstream turbidity.				
Avoidance Measures	No vegetation clearing	g adjacent to water courses				
	Project layout has considered and utilised existing access tracks					
	Project footprint minimised through the use of lateral and vertical production wells					
	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating			

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Inherent Risk Rating (before mitigation measures applied)	Likely	High		Significant
Mitigation/Management	Measures		Timing	Responsibility
Avoid working during the wet season or heavy erosive rainfall as much as practicable. Where this is not possible, erosion and sediment controls will be implemented prior to any disturbance being commenced			During construction	Project Manager
practicable, new access	ls where practicable. Where tracks will be formed with ero perms to minimise flows acro	osion controls	At all times	All personnel
Soil sampling will be und soils	ertaken to identify reactive/e	rosive/dispersive	Prior to vegetation clearing	Environmental Representative
sediment control plan (Es accordance with the <i>Bes</i> (International Erosion Co	ct will have a site-specific ero SCP) developed and implem t Practice Erosion and Sedin Introl Association Australia, 2 ill outline erosion and sedime	ented in nent Control 2008 or later	Prior to vegetation clearing	Environmental Representative
<ul> <li>Quantification of pot</li> <li>Catchment and sub-</li> <li>Slope lengths and girling</li> <li>Nearest waterway are</li> <li>Soil properties</li> <li>Stage duration</li> <li>Disturbance areas</li> </ul>	catchments radients			
	persive soils will be manage accordance with best praction	_	Prior to vegetation clearing	Environmental Representative
Vegetation clearing will be limited to the minimum disturbance required for the construction phase. Rootstocks will remain in situ where no earthworks are required. Minimise vegetation clearing and leave root stock in-situ where practicable to minimise potential for soil erosion		During vegetation clearing	Supervisor	
Reuse stripped top soil in areas to be rehabilitated with similar top soil characteristics if possible. If top soil cannot be effectively reused immediately, stockpile ensuring the height of the stockpile is no more than 2 m. Long-term stockpiles will be re-vegetated with appropriate cover crops to minimise loss of top soil		During vegetation clearing	Supervisor	
Top soils and subsoils wi	ll not be mixed. Replace sub	osoils at depth	During construction	Supervisor
Where practicable, mulch layer over exposed soil	n cleared vegetation and spr	ead as protective	During construction	Supervisor
I -	that have the potential for er tabilisers, crushed rock or so		During construction	Supervisor

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Slow the overland flow of water and floodwaters by installing frequent contour banks, whoa boys or similar in appropriate areas				During Supervision	
Direct discharges to multiple locations to decrease volumes.  Discharges will be stable drainage lines. Implement engineering controls in drainage line where necessary				ction	Supervisor
-	nt control devices installed wi stabilised by rehabilitation	ill remain in place	During constru	ction	Supervisor
Soil stockpiles will be less drainage lines	s than 3 m in height and loca	ited away from	During constru	ction	Supervisor
Re-establish the bed and disturbed by petroleum a	banks profile of any waterwateristictivities	ays or creeks	During constru	ction	Supervisor
	ntrol devices will be inspecte ntenance to devices are requ		Following rainfall	-	Environmental Representative
_	es Best Practice Erosion and sion Control Association Aus		At all tir	nes	Environmental Representative
Residual Risk Rating (after mitigation measures have been applied)	<b>Likelihood</b> Possible	Consequence R Low			isk Rating Minor
On-Going Monitoring Program	Implement the surface water Monitoring and Manageme		led in Sec	ction 8.7 o	f the Water
Corrective Actions if Environmental Outcome is not achieved	This management plan or ESCP has not been implemented  This management plan or ESCP is not suitable to minimise the potential for erosion / or sediment is observed in the receiving environment	Weekly surface water monitoring until results demonstrate the Project causes no residual sedimentation     Review and update the management plan / ESCP     Train personnel and contractors on the updated measures adopted in the management plan / ESCP     Weekly surface water monitoring until results demonstrate the Project causes no residual sedimentation     Implement the mitigation response detailed in			
Relevant EA conditions	section 7.3 of the water monitoring and management plan (2025)  Refer to Schedule L of the EA conditions ( <b>Appendix 1</b> )				

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#### 10.2.4 Land Use

A Land Use Management Plan is provided in the table below. This plan provides the environmental protection commitments and control strategies that will be implemented to minimise impacts on land use, landholders and other land tenure holders.

Table 15 Management Plan 11 Land Use Management Plan

Table 15 Manageme	ent Plan 11 Land Use Mana	gement Plan			
Environmental Protection Objective	<ul> <li>Minimise impacts on existing land uses and surrounding landholders/tenure holders as a result of exploration, development, production and decommissioning activities</li> <li>Avoid accidental damage to existing infrastructure and services</li> <li>Avoid environmental harm and reduced soil productivity arising from the release of sediments, salinisation of soil, disturbance of contaminated soils and contamination of soils</li> </ul>				
Measurable Environmental	<ul><li>Any impacted landhole</li><li>No complaints from la</li></ul>			impact to	their land
Outcome					
Environmental Risk Event	<ul><li>Project activities resul</li><li>Release of contamina</li></ul>		_		
Avoidance Measures	Project layout optimise	ed based on the gro			
	consultation with land	holders to: eas of ecological sig	nificance	e (e g TF(	GDEs
	threatened s	pecies habitat, etc.	.)		
	<ul><li>– Minimise imp</li><li>• Project layout has con</li></ul>	pacts to agricultura			
	Project footprint minim		_		
Inherent Risk Rating	wells  Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	tina
(before mitigation	Likely	Moderate		THOIR THE	Medium
measures applied) Mitigation/Management			Timing		Responsibility
Co-ordinate clearing and disturbance activities with landowners to minimise disruption to property operations			Prior to vegetati clearing		Project Manager
Use existing access road	s where practicable		At all tin	nes	All personnel
Flow lines will follow exis minimise disturbance to p	ting fence lines or roads whe property activities	ere practicable to	During constru	ction	Project Manager
Consult with land/tenure minimise impacts on prop	holders on locations of field perty activities	infrastructure to	Prior to works commencing		Project Manager
Maintain a complaints register and handling system.					Environmental Representative
Conduct pre-clearing checks for potential soil contamination			Prior to vegetati		Environmental Representative
If contaminated soil is identified, further investigate and in consultation with the landowner develop appropriate remediation strategies and disposal requirements			During earthwo	orks	Environmental Representative
	antities of contaminated soils can be maintained on-site v		At all st	ages	Supervisor

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Design fuel, oil and chemical storage and handling areas in accordance with Australian Standards				works	Project Manager
Inspect and maintain all vehicles, plant and machinery to ensure they are not at risk of leaking or spilling contaminants				ages	All personnel
Ensure that appropriate handling and use of fuels, oils and chemicals is enforced on-site				ages	Project Manager
Include handling procedu training and tool box talks	ires and clean up protocols i	n induction	At all st	ages	Environmental Representative
Clean up spills promptly			At all st	ages	All personnel
Keep a spill kit on-site for each relevant infrastructure				ages	Environmental Representative
Ensure that each well, tank and sewage treatment is adequately signposted for easy identification with a unique name or number				ages	Project Manager
1					
Residual Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	ting
Residual Risk Rating (after mitigation measures have been applied)	Likelihood  Possible	Consequence Moderate		Risk Ra	ting  Medium
(after mitigation measures have been		Moderate			Medium
(after mitigation measures have been applied)	Possible Implement the monitoring	Moderate	9 of the C		Medium
(after mitigation measures have been applied) On-Going Monitoring	Possible Implement the monitoring (2023)	Moderate  detailed in Section 9  Corrective Action  Engage a correction scientist to un	of the Contact of the	d land spe an investig remediati ation actio ent plan, u	Medium  Risk Assessment  ecialist / soil gation and on action plan n plan update as



#### 11 WASTE

#### 11.1 Site Context

The primary waste generation for the construction and operation is expected to include the following:

- Vegetation
- Typical drilling wastes including packaging, surplus drilling materials such as timber, concrete, gravel, metals and plastics
- Returned drill cuttings and muds
- Surplus soil from earthworks
- Typical domestic waste generated from camps
- Sewage from camps
- CSG water

Where possible the waste will be reused, recycled or removed to a facility that can lawfully accept the waste under the EP Act.

All regulated waste will be removed from site and transported by a person who holds a current authority to transport such wastes to a facility that is lawfully able to accept the waste under the EP Act. Trackable waste records will be kept in accordance with EA conditions and the EP Act.

## 11.2 Potential Impacts

The following potential impacts from waste have been identified:

- Release of hazardous waste to land or waters either through inappropriate waste disposal protocols or accidental release(s)
- Inadequate waste management leading to inappropriate disposal, or inadequate re-use or recycling
- Compromised land use, ecosystems or well-being of people resulting from inappropriate waste disposal
- Beneficial re-use of coal seam gas water may result in improved conditions for agriculture by providing an additional water source.

#### 11.3 Management Plan

#### 11.3.1 Waste

Objectives for waste management are based on the waste and resource management hierarchy outlined in section 9 of the WRR Act. Management Plan 11Error! Reference source not found. deals with all solid and sewage waste that may be generated by the petroleum activities, including drilling materials, packaging materials, green waste and sewage.

Table 16 Management Plan 12 Waste Management Plan

Environmental	<u> </u>	ation to the extent practicablerarchy of avoid, re-use and			
Protection Objective	•	ithe most appropriate mann	•		
Measurable	•				
Environmental	<ul> <li>No waste is disposed</li> </ul>	No waste is disposed of at a facility that is not licensed to accept the waste			
Outcome	<ul> <li>No contamination of s</li> </ul>	No contamination of soil, air or water as a result of waste handling			
Environmental Risk	<ul> <li>Solid waste material is</li> </ul>	s not disposed of at an appro	priately licensed facility		
Event	<ul> <li>Sewage waste materia</li> </ul>	al is released to the environn	nent		
	<ul> <li>Loss of available land</li> </ul>	fill airspace as a result of the	inappropriate segregation		
	of solid waste				
<b>Avoidance Measures</b>	N/A - No avoidance measures apply to this management plan				
	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating		

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Inherent Risk Rating (before mitigation measures applied)	Likely	Low			Minor
Mitigation/Management	Measures		Timing		Responsibility
Set up designated waste disposal areas at each production well construction area. Include bins or nominated areas for the following solid waste streams:				ages	Project Manager
<ul><li>General waste</li><li>Regulated waste (i.e</li><li>Drill cuttings</li><li>Cleared vegetation</li></ul>					
The designated area can construction has been co	be moved once the product mpleted.	ion well			
I	aste disposal areas at the ga Include bins, tanks or nomir streams:		At all st	ages	Project Manager
<ul> <li>General waste</li> <li>Regulated waste (i.e. clean-up material, oily waste etc</li> <li>Sewage effluent</li> <li>Recyclable steel and copper</li> </ul>					
Surplus soil will be reuse erosion and sediment co	d across the Project to shap ntrols	e land and create	At all stages		Project Manager
Store recyclable waste separately from residual/non-recyclable waste				ages	Project Manager
All fuel, oil and chemicals are to be stored, transported, and handled in accordance with appropriate standards including AS1940:2004 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids, AS 3780:2008 – The storage and handling of corrosive substances, AS 3833:2007 – Storage and handling of mixed classes of dangerous goods in packaged and intermediate bulk containers					
Use pre-painted products	s to minimise use of paints a	nd solvents	At all stages		All personnel
Ensure waste is removed	l by an appropriately license	d contractor	At all stages		Supervisor
Ensure appropriate recor	ds are kept for trackable wa	stes	At all stages		Environmental Representative
	ents, lubricants and fuel in co sed of as regulated waste	overed and	At all stages		All personnel
Ensure drilling wastes wi	ll be disposed of as general	waste	At all st	ages	Supervisor
Residual Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	ting
(after mitigation measures have been applied)	Possible	Low		Minor	
On-Going Monitoring	Volumes and type of waste	e being generated o	n the Pro	ject	
Corrective Actions if Environmental Outcome is not achieved	Unauthorised disposal or release of Project generated waste material	<ul> <li>Undertake toolbox training with all personnel on appropriate waste handling</li> </ul>			

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	Review, update and implement plan	ent this management
Relevant EA conditions	Refer to Schedule W of the EA conditions (Appendix 1)	

#### 11.3.2 Produced Water

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The Coal Seam Gas Water Management Plan is provided in the table below. This plan provides the environmental protection commitments and control strategies that will be implemented to minimise impacts on environmental values from the storage and handling of produced water.

Table 17 Manageme	ent Plan 13 Coal Seam Gas	Water Manageme	ent Strate	gy	
Environmental Protection Objective	<ul> <li>Manage coal seam gas produced water in a way that optimises its beneficial use and minimises adverse impacts on environmental values</li> <li>Contain coal seam gas produced water in appropriate structures until it can be re-used</li> </ul>				
Measurable Environmental Outcome	<ul> <li>Beneficial use of coal seam gas produced water will be in accordance with the appropriate end of waste code</li> <li>The initial consequence category of structures will be certified by a suitably qualified and experienced person in accordance with the Manual for Assessing Consequence Categories and Hydraulic Performance of Structures (ESR/2016/1933) and the Guideline Structures which are dams or levees constructed as part of environmentally relevant activities (ESR/2016/1934)</li> </ul>				
Environmental Risk Event	Unauthorised release of co				
Avoidance Measures	Produced water is stored g watercourses	reater than 2km fro	m the ne	arest map	oped
Inherent Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	iting
(before mitigation measures applied)	Possible	Moderate	:		Medium
Mitigation/Management	Measures		Timing		Responsibility
	water will be contained in a d dams or tanks. [Note the E rv dams]		During Operation	ons	Project Manager
	egularly to ensure that the d	am remains a low	At all sta	ages	Environmental Representative
-	produced water will occur p n that the water meets the cr lomestic)		At all sta	ages	Environmental Representative
1	er will be in accordance with ste Code Associated Water 07547018)		At all sta	ages	Environmental Representative
Residual Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	iting
(after mitigation measures have been applied)	Unlikely	Moderate			Minor
On-Going Monitoring	<ul> <li>Permanent leak detection on any tanks or dams that are storing coal seam gas produced water</li> <li>Implement the surface water monitoring detailed in Section 8.7 of the Water Monitoring and Management Plan 2025</li> </ul>				
	Identified Issue Corrective Action				
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Corrective Actions if Environmental Outcome is not achieved	Unauthorised release of coal seam gas produced water	Implement the mitigation response detailed in Section 7.3 of the Water Monitoring and Management Plan (2025)		
Relevant EA conditions	Refer to Schedule W (conditions W5 to W8) of the EA conditions (Appendix 1)			





#### 12 SURFACE WATER

#### 12.1 Site Context

The Project is contained within the Fitzroy River catchment area, and the Comet River sub-basin. The Fitzroy River drains to the sea at Rockhampton.

#### 12.2 Sensitive Receptors

The Environmental Protection Policy (Water and Wetland Biodiversity) 2019 provides a framework for managing water, including identification values associated with water and setting of water quality objectives.

Environmental values identified for water in the Project area are:

- Farm water supply
- Stock watering and irrigation
- Suitability for raw drinking water supply
- Cultural and spiritual values

#### 12.3 Potential Impacts

The following potential impacts to surface water were identified for the construction and operation phases:

- Increased sediment load in runoff and at stream crossings
- Water quality impacts associated with herbicides for weed control
- Water quality impacts from improper containment of chemicals, fuels, wastes and CSG water
- Stormwater discharge and flow redirection
- Impacts to natural flood flows

#### 12.4 Management Plan

A Surface Water Management Plan is provided in the table below. This plan provides the environmental protection commitments and control strategies that will be implemented to minimise impacts on surface waters. Surface water encompasses watercourses, wetlands and springs; and overland flow as well as the management of stormwater runoff.

Table 18 Management Plan 14 Surface Water Management Plan

Environmental	Undertake petroleum activities in a manner that has negligible impact on
Protection Objective	surface water environmental values
•	<ul> <li>Undertake petroleum activities in a manner that has negligible impact of</li> </ul>
	stormwater runoff to surface water geomorphology, hydrology, quality and
	dependent ecosystems
Measurable	The natural flow of a watercourse has not been interfered with through
Environmental	placing fill, excavation, impoundment or diversion
Outcome	Time of disturbance to the bed and banks of a watercourse is not
	undertaken between the months of 01 November and 31 March each year
	No unauthorised discharge to surface waters of contaminants, including
	through stormwater runoff
Environmental Risk	Project activities result in a reduction in the water quality in the receiving
Event	environment
	Project activities alter the natural hydrologic flow regime resulting in changes
	in water availability in the receiving environment
Avoidance Measures	Only minor earthworks proposed on the Project resulting in minimal changes
	to hydrologic regimes
	The GCF are located more than 2km from a mapped watercourse



	Disturbance activitie     previously disturbed     caused	land to minimise the		for new	impacts to be	
Inherent Risk Rating (before mitigation	Likelihood			Risk R		
measures applied)	Possible	High			Medium	
Mitigation/Managemen			Timing		Responsibility	
	es will be designed to occu ge lines where practicable	ır outside	Prior to comme		Project Manager	
200 m from any wet	eared, nor fill placed in or w land, lake or spring; or ank of any other watercours		During Constru	ction	Supervisor	
	of pipelines or access trac atercourses, will be underta		During Constru	ction	Supervisor	
	uent visual monitoring will s carried out in a watercou		During Constru	ction	Supervisor	
	do occur in a watercourse, ken by a suitably qualified		During Constru	ction	Supervisor	
Refuelling of plant and equipment will occur at least 30 m from a watercourse or other drainage feature			During Construction		Supervisor	
Hazardous and dangerous goods will be stored in bunded facilities  Ocated at least 100 m from a watercourse or other drainage feature  Construction				Supervisor		
Fuels and other flammable liquids will be stored and handled in accordance with AS 1940:2004 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids.				ction	All personnel	
Every stage of the Project will have a site-specific erosion and sediment control plan (ESCP) developed and implemented in accordance with the <i>Best Practice Erosion and Sediment Control</i> (International Erosion Control Association Australia, 2008 or later versions). Each ESCP will outline erosion and sediment controls with consideration to:  • Quantification of potential soil loss • Catchment and sub-catchments • Slope lengths and gradients • Nearest waterway and drainage lines • Soil properties • Stage duration • Disturbance areas				ction	Supervisor	
Where hardstand areas are installed, appropriate measures to reduce the possible effects of stormwater runoff will be implemented.			During Constru	ction	Supervisor	
Residual Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk R	ating	
(after mitigation measures have been applied)	Unlikely	High			Minor	
On-Going Monitoring Implement the surface water monitoring detailed in Section 8.7 of the Water Monitoring and Management Plan 2025						

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Corrective Actions if	Identified Issue	Corrective Action
Environmental	Project activities result	Implement the mitigation response detailed in Section
Outcome is not	in a change in water	7.3 of the Water Monitoring and Management Plan
achieved	quality or flow in the	2025
	receiving environment	
Relevant EA	Refer to Schedule WT of t	he EA conditions ( <b>Appendix 1</b> )
conditions		

#### 13 GROUNDWATER

#### 13.1 Site Context

There are a number of requirements under the Water Act 2000 designed to protect groundwater resources from the impacts of resource activities. A Baseline Assessment Plan is required to be submitted and approved prior to commencement of testing or production activities.

### 13.2 Sensitive Receptors

The Environmental Protection (Water and Wetland Biodiversity) Policy 2019 provides a framework for managing water, including identification values associated with water and setting of water quality objectives.

Environmental values identified for water in the Project area are:

- Farm water supply
- Stock watering and irrigation
- Suitability for raw drinking water supply
- Cultural and spiritual values.

## 13.3 Potential Impacts

The following potential impacts to groundwater were identified for the construction and operating phases:

- Potential drawdown of aquifers as a result of depressurisation activities for coal seam gas production
- Potential loss of functional use of water bores as a result of that drawdown
- Impact on aquifers as a result of drilling activities, including connectivity of gas producing horizons with water producing horizons
- Contamination of aquifers due to poor drilling practises or improper isolation of zones by casing or cement
- Potential impact on groundwater dependent ecosystems.

#### 13.4 Management Plan

A Groundwater Management Plan is provided in the table below. This plan provides the environmental protection commitments and control strategies that will be implemented to minimise impacts on groundwater values as a result of petroleum activities. Note that the existing EA does not authorise well stimulation activities; so there are no control strategies outlined here.



**Table 19 Management Plan 15 Groundwater Management Plan** 

	ent Plan 15 Groundwater M				, , ,	
Environmental Protection Objective	Manage petroleum activities in a manner that minimises impacts to groundwater quality and levels					
Measurable	Well construction and operation in accordance with the relevant Codes				vant Codes	
Environmental	<ul> <li>Oil-based or synthetic</li> </ul>					
Outcome		<ul> <li>Drilling activities do not cause the connection of a target gas production horizon with other aquifers</li> </ul>				
Environmental Risk Event	Drawdown of groundwater	Drawdown of groundwater levels resulting in impacts to groundwater users				
Avoidance Measures	N/A – No avoidance measi		to this ma			
Inherent Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	ting	
(before mitigation measures applied)	Unlikely	High			Minor	
Mitigation/Management	Measures		Timing		Responsibility	
Procure and use only ap drilling fluids	proved water based and biod	degradable	During of activitie	_	Project Manager	
	roduction wells, hydraulic isc	lation will be	Through well	nout the	Supervisor	
maintained between aqu	iters		develop	ment		
			phase	mem		
	any identified water bores in	the area	Prior to works		Project	
completed prior to testing			commencing		Manager	
_	undertaken to determine cor s with groundwater resources		Annual		Project Manager	
Undertake collation of historical water level data for bores in the area			Prior to	drilling	Environmental	
to establish natural seasonal variation in aquifer levels			works	works Representation		
	a groundwater monitoring pro	ogram to identify	Prior to	drilling	Environmental	
potential impacts on grou	indwater user		works comme	ncina	Representative	
			and on-going			
	thereafte					
Develop a trigger action	response plan in accordance	with the <i>Coal</i>	Prior to	drilling	Environmental	
Seam Gas - Joint industr	ry framework Managing impa	cts to	works Repres		Representative	
	n the Surat Cumulative Mana	agement Area	comme	•		
under EPBC Act approve	als		and on-			
			thereaft	er		
Monitor trigger levels of tresponse plans	he implementation of the trig	ger action	At all tir	nes	Environmental Representative	
Residual Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	ting	
(after mitigation						
measures have been applied)	Highly Unlikely	High		Insignificant		
On-Going Monitoring	Implement the ground water	er monitoring detail	ed in Sec	tion 8.7 of	f the Water	
- Comy monitoring	Monitoring and Manageme	nt Plan 2025				
	Identified Issue Corrective Action					

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Corrective Actions if Environmental Outcome is not achieved	Project activities result in a change in water quality or flow in the receiving environment	Implement the mitigation response detailed in Section 7.3 of the Water Monitoring and Management Plan 2025
Relevant EA conditions	Refer to Schedule WT and WS of the EA	A conditions (Appendix 1)

#### 14 CULTURAL HERITAGE

#### 14.1 Site Context

There is potential for activities undertaken in the Project area to disturb unrecorded items of cultural heritage (CH). The management of accidental finds of cultural heritage items is therefore important, along with the Duty of Care requirements under the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003.

The CH group for the Project area are the Gaangalu Nations People (GNP). Prior to land disturbance, a CH ground survey will be conducted, utilising advisors from the GNP.

## 14.2 Management Plan

The Cultural Heritage Management Strategy is provided in the table below. This provides the environmental protection commitments and control strategies that will be implemented to minimise impacts to both unknown and undiscovered items and places of cultural heritage relevant to the Project area.

Table 20 Management Plan 16 Cultural Heritage Management Strategy

Table 20 Management Flair 10 Cultural Heritage Management Strategy					
Environmental Protection Objective	<ul> <li>To avoid damage, destruction or degradation of cultural artefacts during construction or operation;</li> <li>To avoid impacts on other existing group rights seeking access to cultural artefacts and places</li> </ul>				
Measurable	Compliance with the Duty of	of Care obligations	under the	Aborigina	al Cultural
Environmental	Heritage Act 2003				
Outcome					
Environmental Risk Event	Loss of Aboriginal cultural l	heritage values fror	m Project	disturban	ce activities.
Avoidance Measures	Avoidance of all known cul	tural heritage sites	in the Pro	ject layou	ıt.
Inherent Risk Rating	Likelihood Consequence Risk Rating			ting	
(before mitigation measures applied)	Possible Moderate Minor			Minor	
Mitigation/Management Measures Timing					Responsibility
Identify and map all known cultural heritage sites			Prior to disturba	J	Environmental Representative
Conduct cultural heritage surveys prior to commencing activities that could result in ground disturbance			Prior to disturba	-	Environmental Representative
Catalogue any discovered artefacts			At all stages		Environmental Representative
In the event of accidental finds, stop work to exercise Duty of Care			At all sta	ages	Project Manager

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Create buffer zones around fixed known cultural heritage locations (such as scar trees or sacred places)				ages	Supervisor	
Where appropriate and in consultation with the CH advisors, log location details, and relocated artefacts for the duration of Project activities (such as isolated finds)				ages	Environmental Representative	
Record results of any cultural heritage surveys in the register (if agreed by traditional owners)			At all stages		Environmental Representative	
Residual Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence Ris			Risk Rating	
(after mitigation measures have been applied)	Unlikely	Moderate		Minor		
On-Going Monitoring	Pre-disturbance cultural surveys with traditional owners					
Corrective Actions if	Identified Issue Corrective Action					
Environmental Outcome is not achieved	Cultural heritage artefact is found during the Project				work to exercise	
Relevant EA conditions	No specific conditions applicable to cultural heritage management in the EA conditions.					



#### 15 REHABILITATION

Final land use will be determined by a number of factors including:

- Regulatory and legislative requirements current at the time of decommissioning and rehabilitation
- Stakeholder views including those of landowners, particularly where continued use of infrastructure such as access roads, dams, water bores, fences and gates, may be required
- Land use of surrounding areas and local community needs, for example land may be used for future community development rather than return to agricultural use
- The nature of the receiving environment and the environmental values of the area

Section 560 of the P&G Act requires the tenure holder removes all equipment and infrastructure from the land prior to relinquishment of the tenure, unless the landowner agrees otherwise. A written agreement for any permanent infrastructure left to the landowner is required with the Final Rehabilitation Report required under the EP Act .

A Rehabilitation Management Plan is provided in the table below. This plan provides the environmental protection commitments and control strategies that will be implemented to maximise the effectiveness of rehabilitation activities.

The Rehabilitation Management Plan and Rehabilitation Objectives and Criteria tables in this EMP have been developed keeping regulatory requirements at both a State and Commonwealth level in mind. Rehabilitation activities and measures have been provided to ensure a safe, stable, non-polluting, and self-sustaining landform, including restoration of habitat for listed threatened species, including Koala, and avoidance of sedimentation/erosion within the site generally.

Details of rehabilitation activities proposed to be undertaken as required by any Commonwealth or State approvals, which are not already shown here, will be added once the requisite approvals and conditions are granted.

Table 21 Management Plan 17 Rehabilitation Management Plan

Environmental Protection Objective	<ul> <li>Final landform that is safe, non-polluting, stable and self-sustaining</li> <li>Significantly disturbed land reinstated to pre-disturbance land use; except where otherwise agreed between the landholder, administering authority and the tenure holder</li> <li>Significantly disturbed land is rehabilitated to a stable landform requiring no on-going management greater than that required pre-disturbance</li> </ul>
Measurable Environmental Outcome	<ul> <li>Dams to be rehabilitated to become a stable landform similar to surrounding undisturbed areas OR with agreement maintained for use by the landowner.</li> <li>Decommissioning of all infrastructure no longer required at cessation of activities.</li> <li>No ongoing contamination of surface or groundwater.</li> <li>Achieve stable landform with no subsidence or erosion gullies</li> <li>Achieve 70% native ground cover species richness after rehabilitation compared to pre-disturbed or adjacent land use</li> <li>Achieve greater than or equal to the total percent of ground cover compared to pre-disturbed or adjacent land use</li> <li>Achieve less than or equal to the percent species of declared plant pest species compared to pre-disturbed or adjacent land use</li> <li>Rehabilitated land to contain at least one regional ecosystem from the broad vegetation group in either the adjacent land or pre-disturbed land, with equal or higher biodiversity conservation value</li> </ul>



	Where the rehabilitate	ed land was in an er	nvironmei	ntally sens	sitive area,	
	additionally achieve greater than or equal to 50% organic litter cover, and					
	greater than or equal to 50% of total density of woody material					
		<ul> <li>Where the rehabilitated land was in an environmentally sensitive area, additionally all predominant species in the ecologically dominant layer</li> </ul>				
	defining the pre-distur	•	_	-	•	
Environmental Risk	Residual environmental ha					
Event	ineffective rehabilitation					
Avoidance Measures	Project layout optimise	-				
	assessments to avoid threatened species ha	•	gicai sign	ilicance (	e.g. TEC, GDES,	
	Project layout has cor	•	d existing	access tr	acks	
	Project footprint minim	nised through the u	se of late	ral and ve	rtical production	
1.1 (5) (5)	wells					
Inherent Risk Rating (before mitigation	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	ting	
measures applied)	Likely	High		\$	Significant	
Mitigation/Management	Measures		Timing		Responsibility	
Progressive rehabilitation	n of disturbed areas as pract	icable, including	At all st	ages	Environmental	
	sturbed land to a stable profi	ile and			Representative	
remediation of contamina	ated land.					
Re-establish surface dra	inage lines to prevent erosio	n and manage	During		Supervisor	
	re natural hydrological functi		construction			
Painstate ton layer of soi	il profile to promote vegetation	on growth and	During Su		Supervisor	
prevent erosion	Reinstate top layer of soil profile to promote vegetation growth and				Supervisor	
			constru			
Continue weed management protocols (refer to Management Plan			During construction		Supervisor	
8Error! Reference source not found.) until a minimum of 70% native ground cover is achieved.				CHOIT		
Note where the land dist						
land must be returned to						
continue cropping.						
Promoto ostablishment s	of vagatation to stabilise sail	and provent	During		Suponicor	
erosion	of vegetation to stabilise soil	and prevent	During constru	ction	Supervisor	
			A. II .			
-	rehabilitated areas until perfo	ormance	At all stages		Environmental	
standards are met.					Representative	
	ally, or as appropriate, to me	asure progress of			Environmental	
rehabilitation until perforr	mance standards are met.				Representative	
Written agreements with	landowners for acceptance	of rehabilitation	At all stages Pr		Project	
works						
Written agreements with landowners for any infrastructure remaining				ages	Project	
on the property for their us				4900	Manager	
	Prior to		-			
completed across all stage	Prepare Final Rehabilitation Report once rehabilitation has been			er of PL	Environmental Representative	
	_					
Residual Risk Rating	Likelihood	Consequence		Risk Ra	ung	
(after mitigation measures have been	Possible	∐iah			Medium	
applied)	Possible	High Medium			wedium	
,						

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On-Going Monitoring	<ul> <li>Groundcover achieved following rehabilitation</li> <li>Verified completion of progressive rehabilitation</li> </ul>			
Corrective Actions if	Identified Issue	Corrective Action		
Environmental Outcome is not achieved	Rehabilitation is not successful in achieving a stable, safe, non- polluting and self-	Rehabilitation obligations continue until the land can be proven to be stable, safe, non-polluting and self-sustaining.		
	sustaining landform			
Relevant EA conditions		e EA conditions ( <b>Appendix 1</b> )		

## 15.1 Revegetation

The vegetation community that is being rehabilitated is described as remnant Poplar Box woodland analogous to Regional Ecosystem 11.5.3 - *Eucalyptus populnea* +/- E. *melanophloia* +/- *Corymbia clarksoniana* woodland on Cainozoic sand plains and/or remnant surfaces. Dominant species that will be included in the rehabilitation site are listed below:

#### Trees

- Poplar Box (Eucalyptus populnea)
- Silver-leaved Ironbark (Eucalyptus melanophloia)
- Long-fruited Bloodwood (Corymbia clarksoniana)
- White Cypress Pine (Callitris glaucophylla)
- Quinine Tree (Petalostigma pubescens)

#### Shrubs

- Leichardt Bean (Cassia brewsteri)
- Curracabah (Acacia crassa)
- Small-leaf Wax-flower (Philotheca difformis)
- Wilga (Geijera parviflora)
- Cocaine Tree (*Erythroxylum australe*)
- False Sandalwood (Eremophila mitchelli)
- Sandalwood (Santalum lanceolatum)
- Currant Bush (Carissa ovata)
- Wild Orange (Capparis canescens)
- Dysentery Plant (Grewia latifolia)

#### Grasses

- Kangaroo Grass (Themeda triandra)
- Black Spear Grass (Heteropogon contortus)
- Hairy Panic (*Panicum effusum*)
- Dark Wiregrass (Aristida calycina)
- Leafy Nineawn (Enneapogon polyphyllus)
- High Sida (Sida trichopoda)
- Pin Sida (Sida fibulifera)
- Australian Millet (Panicum decompositum)

## 15.2 Proposed final land use

In the absence of specific landowner agreements, the proposed final land use will be consistent with the current pre-disturbed land use (agricultural or native ecosystem).

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Any land that is contaminated as a result of the Project activities will be remediated in accordance with accepted industry practice at the time and the relevant current regulatory and administrative requirements.

- Final land use will be determined by a number of factors including:
- Regulatory and legislative requirements current at the time of decommissioning and rehabilitation
- Stakeholder views including those of landowners, particularly where continued use of infrastructure such as access roads, dams, water bores, fences and gates, may be required
- Land use of surrounding areas and local community needs, for example land may be used for future community development rather than return to agricultural use
- The nature of the receiving environment and the environmental values of the area

Conditions R3 to R5 of the EA, must be achieved in order for Comet Ridge to relinquish their tenure rights at the end of the Project's life.

Based on current regulatory requirements on progressive rehabilitation and closure reforms in Queensland, the proposed rehabilitation measures are expected to allow effective and appropriate rehabilitation at the Project area. Assessment of the effectiveness of the proposed rehabilitation activities will be undertaken progressively via rehabilitation monitoring in accordance with the indicators, timing, and completion criteria outlined in Error! Reference source not found. Should any issues be identified throughout the rehabilitation monitoring, alternative corrective actions will be implemented immediately as outlined in Error! Reference source not found..





Table 22 Rehabilitation objectives and criteria

Petroleum activity feature	Rehabilitation goal	Rehabilitation objectives	Indicators	Timing	Completion criteria	Corrective actions
Wells	1. safe	Site safe for humans and animals.	Reported accidents, incidents and injuries.	Ongoing for life of Project	<ul> <li>Plugged with cement to isolate aquifers.</li> <li>Surface facilities removed.</li> <li>Re-contoured to condition consistent with surrounding area or proposed land use.</li> <li>Visual inspection following decommissioning</li> <li>No reported accidents, incidents or injuries as a result of petroleum activities.</li> </ul>	Review any incident and establish appropriate actions to ensure safety of site is maintained
	2. non- polluting	Stormwater runoff does not pollute nearby watercourses.	All equipment and chemicals from site are removed.  No leakage.	Ongoing for life of Project	Monitoring meets specified EA conditions	<ul><li>Improve erosion controls</li><li>Remediate contamination</li></ul>
	3. stable	Stormwater runoff does not cause erosion. Surface contours re-established.	Subsidence. Erosion gully formation.	Ongoing for life of Project	<ul> <li>No significant erosion events.</li> <li>Landform re-established.</li> <li>No active rill, gully or sheet erosion visible five years after rehabilitation activities commenced</li> <li>Drainage follows appropriate drainage paths</li> </ul>	Rework site to suitable landform

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Petroleum activity feature	Rehabilitation goal	Rehabilitation objectives	Indicators	Timing	Completion criteria	Corrective actions
					<ul> <li>Certification from a suitably qualified engineer that the final landform is geotechnically stable</li> </ul>	
	4. self- sustaining	Land use returned to pre-disturbance use.	Foliage cover. Species diversity. Weed survey.	Either progressively where able or upon decommissioning of wells	<ul> <li>Either land is returned to cropping land in agreement with the landholder</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Foliage cover established at 70% of the surrounding area.</li> <li>No ongoing management beyond that required for surrounding areas with similar land use.</li> <li>Vegetation successfully self-propagating and reseeding using seed mix consistent with RE 11.5.3.</li> <li>Key species present (vegetation community of RE 11.5.3).</li> <li>No weed species introduced.</li> </ul>	If the site is not progressing or likely not to reach acceptance criteria for final rehabilitation, undertake an investigation into the cause (i.e. soil condition, weed infestation), including:  Review of monitoring results from previous site assessments to identify any issues  If necessary, undertake targeted surveys to identify the magnitude of the issue  Review the current management measures  If required, amend the management measures to ensure consistency with the acceptance criteria for final rehabilitation  Actions may include soil amelioration, reseeding, control of weeds/pests or stock fencing.

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Petroleum activity feature	Rehabilitation goal	Rehabilitation objectives	Indicators	Timing	Completion criteria	Corrective actions
Flow lines	1. safe	Site safe for humans and animals.	Reported accidents, incidents and injuries.	Ongoing for life of Project	<ul> <li>Lines isolated, drained, purged and vented.</li> <li>Lines flushed and cleaned.</li> <li>Capped and left in situ.</li> <li>Visual inspection following decommissioning</li> <li>No reported accidents, incidents or injuries as a result of the petroleum activities.</li> </ul>	Review any incident and establish appropriate actions to ensure safety of site is maintained
	2. non- polluting	Stormwater runoff does not pollute nearby watercourses.	Surface water quality.	Ongoing for life of Project	Monitoring meets specified EA conditions.	<ul><li>Improve erosion controls</li><li>Remediate contamination</li></ul>
	3. stable	Stormwater runoff does not cause erosion. Surface contours re-established.	Subsidence. Erosion gully formation.	Ongoing for life of Project	<ul> <li>No significant erosion events.</li> <li>Landform re-established.</li> <li>No active rill, gully or sheet erosion visible five years after rehabilitation activities commenced</li> <li>Drainage follows appropriate drainage paths</li> <li>Certification from a suitably qualified engineer that the final landform is geotechnically stable</li> </ul>	Rework site to suitable landform

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Petroleum activity feature	Rehabilitation goal	Rehabilitation objectives	Indicators	Timing	Completion criteria	Corrective actions
	4. self- sustaining	Land use returned to pre-disturbance use.	Foliage cover. Species diversity. Weed survey.	Either progressively where able or upon decommissioning of flow lines	<ul> <li>Either land is returned to cropping land in agreement with the landholder</li> <li>Foliage cover established at 70% of the surrounding area.</li> <li>No ongoing management beyond that required for surrounding areas with similar land use.</li> <li>Vegetation successfully self-propagating and reseeding using seed mix consistent with RE 11.5.3.</li> <li>Key species present (vegetation community of RE 11.5.3).</li> <li>No weed species introduced.</li> </ul>	If the site is not progressing or likely not to reach acceptance criteria for final rehabilitation, undertake an investigation into the cause (i.e. soil condition, weed infestation), including:  Review of monitoring results from previous site assessments to identify any issues  If necessary, undertake targeted surveys to identify the magnitude of the issue  Review the current management measures  If required, amend the management measures to ensure consistency with the acceptance criteria for final rehabilitation  Actions may include soil amelioration, reseeding, control of weeds/pests or stock fencing.
Access tracks	1. safe	Site safe for humans and animals.	Reported accidents, incidents and injuries.	Ongoing for life of Project	<ul> <li>Fences removed.</li> <li>Road closed.</li> <li>Visual inspection following decommissioning</li> </ul>	Review any incident and establish appropriate actions to ensure safety of site is maintained

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Petroleum activity feature	Rehabilitation goal	Rehabilitation objectives	Indicators	Timing	Completion criteria	Corrective actions
					<ul> <li>Condition of land similar to surrounding landscape.</li> <li>No reported accidents, incidents or injuries as a result of the petroleum activities.</li> </ul>	
	2. non- polluting	Stormwater runoff does not pollute nearby watercourses.	Surface water quality.	Ongoing for life of Project	Monitoring meets specified EA conditions.	<ul><li>Improve erosion controls</li><li>Remediate contamination</li></ul>
	3. stable	Stormwater runoff does not cause erosion. Surface contours re-established.	Subsidence. Erosion gully formation.	Ongoing for life of Project	<ul> <li>No significant erosion events.</li> <li>Landform re-established.</li> <li>No active rill, gully or sheet erosion visible five years after rehabilitation activities commenced</li> <li>Drainage follows appropriate drainage paths</li> <li>Certification from a suitably qualified engineer that the final landform is geotechnically stable</li> </ul>	Rework site to suitable landform
	4. self- sustaining	Land use returned to pre-disturbance use OR Tracks maintained for use by	Foliage cover. Species diversity. Weed survey.	Upon decommissioning of Project or in accordance with landowner agreement/s	Either land is returned to cropping land in agreement with the landholder  OR	If the site is not progressing or likely not to reach acceptance criteria for final rehabilitation, undertake an investigation into the cause

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Petroleum activity feature	Rehabilitation goal	Rehabilitation objectives	Indicators	Timing	Completion criteria	Corrective actions
		landowner with agreement.			<ul> <li>Foliage cover established at 70% of the surrounding area.</li> <li>No ongoing management beyond that required for surrounding areas with similar land use.</li> <li>Vegetation successfully self-propagating and reseeding using seed mix consistent with RE 11.5.3.</li> <li>Key species present (vegetation community of RE 11.5.3).</li> <li>No weed species introduced.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(i.e. soil condition, weed infestation), including:</li> <li>Review of monitoring results from previous site assessments to identify any issues</li> <li>If necessary, undertake targeted surveys to identify the magnitude of the issue</li> <li>Review the current management measures</li> <li>If required, amend the management measures to ensure consistency with the acceptance criteria for final rehabilitation</li> <li>Actions may include soil amelioration, reseeding, control of weeds/pests or stock fencing.</li> </ul>
Dams	1. safe	Site safe for humans and animals.	Reported accidents, incidents and injuries.	Ongoing for life of Project	<ul> <li>Fences removed.</li> <li>Condition of land similar to surrounding landscape.</li> <li>Visual inspection following decommissioning</li> <li>No reported accidents, incidents or injuries as a result of the petroleum activities.</li> </ul>	Review any incident and establish appropriate actions to ensure safety of site is maintained

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Petroleum activity feature	Rehabilitation goal	Rehabilitation objectives	Indicators	Timing	Completion criteria	Corrective actions
	2. non- polluting	No land contamination from contents of dam.  Stormwater runoff does not pollute nearby watercourses.	Contaminated land assessment. Ongoing surface water quality sampling.	Ongoing for life of Project	<ul> <li>Salts removed and disposed at purpose built facility.</li> <li>Above ground structures removed.</li> <li>Monitoring of soils and water meets specified EA conditions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improve erosion controls</li> <li>Remediate contamination</li> </ul>
	3. stable	Stormwater runoff does not cause erosion. Surface contours re-established.	Subsidence. Erosion gully formation.	Ongoing for life of Project	<ul> <li>No subsidence or major erosion gullies.</li> <li>Landform re-established.</li> <li>No active rill, gully or sheet erosion visible five years after rehabilitation activities commenced</li> <li>Drainage follows appropriate drainage paths</li> <li>Certification from a suitably qualified engineer that the final landform is geotechnically stable</li> </ul>	Rework site to suitable landform
	4. self- sustaining	Land use returned to pre-disturbance use. OR Dams maintained for use by	Foliage cover. Species diversity. Weed survey.	Upon decommissioning of dams or in accordance with landowner agreement/s	<ul> <li>Either land is returned to cropping land in agreement with the landholder</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Foliage cover established at 70% of the surrounding area.</li> </ul>	If the site is not progressing or likely not to reach acceptance criteria for final rehabilitation, undertake an investigation into the cause (i.e. soil condition, weed infestation), including:

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Petroleum activity feature	Rehabilitation goal	Rehabilitation objectives	Indicators	Timing	Completion criteria	Corrective actions
		landowner with agreement.			<ul> <li>No ongoing management beyond that required for surrounding areas with similar land use.</li> <li>Vegetation successfully self-propagating and reseeding using seed mix consistent with RE 11.5.3.</li> <li>Key species present (vegetation community of RE 11.5.3).</li> <li>No weed species introduced.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Review of monitoring results from previous site assessments to identify any issues</li> <li>If necessary, undertake targeted surveys to identify the magnitude of the issue</li> <li>Review the current management measures</li> <li>If required, amend the management measures to ensure consistency with the acceptance criteria for final rehabilitation</li> <li>Actions may include soil amelioration, reseeding, control of weeds/pests or stock fencing.</li> </ul>



# APPENDIX 1 – ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORITY (EA) 100521948

